CONGRESS.

In SENATE—Feb. 11, 1822.

A bill to authorize the Senate of Illinois to connect the Illinois and Lake Michigan by a Canal, was reported, and read.

The bill, from the House, to fix the ratio of Representation, was reported, with an amendment, to strike out 40,000, and insert 42,000 as the ratio.

The bill to confirm the claim of the Marquis de Maison Rouge [*his claim is to thirty square leagues of land, in Louisiana*] was again taken up, in committee. Mr. Otis defended the claim in a speech of nearly two hours in length; and Mr. Barbour spoke more than an hour in opposition to the validity of the claim; but no question was taken. Ad[journed].

TUESDAY, FEB. 12.—Mr. Holmes presented a petition from Danvers, against the passage of a bankrupt law.

A report adverse to the petition of Jacob Barker, was agreed to.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 13.—A bill to authorize the erection of a light-house at Stonington Point, Conn. was read.

The committee on the proposed Amendment of the Constitution, for the choice of Electors, &c. reported an amendment, providing, that at the same time, the two additional electors to which each State is entitled shall be chosen by the persons qualified to vote, in such manner as the Legislature of the State shall direct.

THURSDAY, FEB. 14.—A bill making partial appropriations for the naval service, was read a third time, by general consent, and passed to the House. [*67—That appropriations are principally for the purpose of fitting out an additional force for the protection of our commerce in the West-Indies.*]

The Senate then again considered the bill to confirm the title of the Marquis de Maison Rouge. The question was, on a motion made yesterday by Mr. Talbot, to refer this and all such claims to the adjudication of the Judiciary.

A debate ensued, which occupied the residue of the sitting,—in the course of it, Mr. Van Dyke moved, as an amendment to the motion, that the claim of *Maison Rouge* should be referred; which was agreed to—Yeas 29, Nays 16.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, FEB. 11.—Mr. Eustis presented a remonstrance from Canton against the Bankrupt law.

Mr. Farrally submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on the Post-Office and Post Roads be instructed to enquire into the practicability of legislating the means of discovering the fraud, destruction, or opening and mutilating letters, committed by Deputy Postmasters, their agents, and mail carriers; and also into the propriety of enacting severer and other penalties against those who may be convicted of such offences.

The joint Resolution relative to the recognition of the Independence of certain Governments of South America, was referred to the Committee of the whole.

TUESDAY, FEB. 12.—Mr. Eustis, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill on the subject of the recovery value of a tract of the Battery Land to the city of New-York.

Several resolutions were laid on the table, and others agreed to, for statements of the unexpended balances in the Treasury; for information of the goods, &c. purchased of American factories for the supply of the Indian Trade; and for information respecting the validity of one *Theron Rudd*, a District Clerk in New-York, &c. [*67—It appeared in the debate that Rudd's defalcation amounted to about* $130,000.]

THURSDAY, FEB. 14.—Mr. Floyd remarked, that in consequence of unofficial reports of the promulgation of an imperial ukase of the Autocrat of all the Russias, in relation to the western limits of the U. S. he begged leave to lay on the table the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to communicate to this House, whether any foreign government have made claims to any part of the territory of the United States upon the coast of the Pacific Ocean north of the 42d degree of latitude, and to what extent; whether such negotiations have been made by foreign powers affecting the trade on that coast, and how far it affects the interests of this republic, and whether any communications have been made to this government, by foreign powers, touching the contemplated occupation of Columbia River.

Cut Bank Notes.—Some time ago the U. States Bank published a notice, that they would not pay such of their notes as had been cut, unless the pieces were produced.—After the publication of this notice, the Bank refused payment $500 which had been forwarded by mail from Cincinnati to Philadelphia in two parcels; the bills were cut in the middle and but one of the parcels arrived. An action was brought against the Bank, Judge Washington charged the Bank, Judge Peters concurred in the charge, and the Jury gave a verdict for the whole amount of Notes, in favor of the plaintiff.

Massachusetts Legislature.

SENATE.—WEDNESDAY, FEB. 13.

The committee on the subject reported, that the late act of the State of Maine, on the subject of the separation of that State, ought to be entered in the files in the office of the Secretary of State of this Commonwealth. Accepted.

A resolve passed both Houses authorizing His Excellency the Commander in Chief to cause to be procured, a *Compend of the Rules and Regulations of Field Exercise and Manœuvres of Infantry*, for the use of the militia; and directing the Adjutant General to distribute the same, when sent down.

New Bank Bills.—The Senate refused to pass three bills for establishing new Banks in Boston, to be called the *City Bank*, the *Eagle Bank*, and *Columbian Bank*.

The Senate refused to pass the bill to incorporate the proprietors of a new Aqueduct Company.

THURSDAY, FEB. 14.—The committee on the subject, reported, that the two Houses may have a recess after Thursday next. [We think it would be some days after Thursday next, before the recess takes place.]—*Cent.*

Specific Taxation.—The Hon. Mr. Kendall, from the committee to whom was referred the bill from the Hon. House "to raise a revenue for the Commonwealth by specific taxation," made the following

REPORT:

As the bill under examination has not been founded upon any public report exhibiting the state and the favorable duty you have sent it to this Board, your committee have had no means of ascertaining whether it is intended to raise a surplus revenue in addition to the State tax, or to operate as a substitute for the present taxation, within the Commonwealth. And having been thus compelled to examine it without the advantage of knowing the reasons which have been supposed to exist in its favour in the minds of those who have originated it, they have carefully considered the merits of its provisions as they would, had they come before the House to lenge, that none but the most worthy motives have induced that branch of the Legislature to pass the bill, on the merits of which they have been considering. But being convinced that the exigencies of the state do not require any additional revenue, that the present mode of taxation is just, equal and expedient and that the change of system proposed by this bill would be expensive and unequal in its operation, and is repugnant to all just principles of financial economy, they ask leave to report,

That this Bill ought not to pass to a second reading at this time.

All which is respectfully submitted per order of the Committee.

ROLLIN KENDALL, *Chairman*.

DISTRICTING BILL.

FRIDAY, FEB. 15.—The Senate concurred, with the House in the amendment made in the bill for districting the Commonwealth for the choice of Senators, and the House in the amendment to the bill, as it had been passed both Houses to be engrossed—viz.

Suffolk	6	Berkshire 2
Essex	5	Norfolk 2
Middlesex	5	Bristol and Dukes 3
Worcester	5	Plymouth 2
Hampshire	2	Barnstable 1
Franklin	2	Nantucket 1
Hampden	2	

The bill respecting the terms of the Court of Common Pleas, was referred to the next Legislature.

The bill on the subject of the proceedings of Probate Courts, passed to be engrossed.

TUESDAY, FEB. 19.—A bill for the preservation of the fishery in Fairhaven, Dartmouth, Dartmouth, and Westport, passed both houses to be engrossed.

A bill to limit the term of imprisonment for militia fines, &c. passed to be engrossed, with amendments.

Specific Taxation.—The Senate resumed the discussion of the report, that the bill "*to raise a revenue by specific taxation*," be referred to the next Legislature. A debate ensued, and the question to accept the report was decided by Yeas and Nays, as follow:—

YEAS—Messrs. Wells, Wells, Bartlett, Hunewell, Dwight, Rantoul, Moseley, Clark, Thomas, Bourne, Jones, Dutton, Austin, Shaw, Starkweather, Tilden, King, Town, Shepley, Cobb, Sanger, and Hodges—21.

NAYS—Hon. Messrs. Hoyt, Reynolds, Allen, Whittemore, Doolittle, Ruggles, and Moffit—7.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 13.—The following resolve was considered, viz.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, a majority of the Senate, and two thirds of the members of the House of Representatives present and voting thereon concurring, That the following articles of amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be and the same are hereby agreed to, and that the same be entered upon the journals of the two houses with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the General Court which shall next be chosen, and that the same be published in order that if in the General Court which shall next be chosen as aforesaid, the said proposed amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the Senators and two thirds of the members of the House of Representatives present and voting thereon, the said General Court may submit the same to the people, and if the said proposed amendments shall be approved of and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters thereof, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose; that the same may become part of the Constitution of this Commonwealth pursuant to the provision of the article of amendment of said constitution.

Article 1.—In the making districts for the choice of Councillors and Senators, no town or city shall be divided.

Article 2.—In making districts for the choice of Councillors and Senators, no county shall be divided, if the Constitutional number of districts can be formed without a division.

Article 3.—No two counties shall be joined to form a district for the choice of Councillors and Senators, unless one of the counties shall be too small to make a district entitled to one Senator.

Article 4.—No district however large it may be, shall be entitled to choose more than six Senators.

The foregoing amendments were agreed to by yeas and nays as follows, viz Yeas 153—Nays 13. Those who voted in the negative were, Messrs. Lyman, Barker, Wingate, Sibley, Sprague, Winn, Crosby, Goodwin, Windsor, Sibley, Forward, Young, Hills, and Ratch.

THURSDAY, FEB. 14.—The bill for districting the Commonwealth for the choice of Councillors, &c. was read a third time.

Annual Tax.—The order, that the Committee of Finance be directed to report a bill for levying a tax of $125,000 for the present year, was taken up, by assignment. Mr. Keyes moved to amend the bill by making the tax to be raised to be Seventy-Five thousand dollars. This motion occasioned a debate. Messrs. Appleton, Tait, Savage, Brooks, Williams, Tudor, Sibley and Phillips, opposed the latter sum, which was supported by the mover, Messrs. Jarvis, Bliss, Perry, Mattoon, and decided in the affirmative, 84 to 81.

FRIDAY, FEB. 15.—*Bills passed to be enacted.*—To establish the Lexington Academy.—To establish the town of West Bridgewater.—To explain the 10th section of an act to establish the town of Hanson.—and to establish the Gloucester Canal Corporation.

A bill on the subject of public schools, was read a third time, and ordered to Messrs. Keyes, Fowler, and Weller.

Mr. Keyes proposed a resolve to authorize the Treasurer to borrow $25,000 if the public service should require it at an interest not exceeding 5 per cent.

SATURDAY, FEB. 16. *New Banks.*—The bills for incorporating the Columbian, Eagle, and City Banks, all in Boston, were read, and the former denied a third reading, and the two last postponed until Monday next.

MONDAY, FEB. 18.—The bill to incorporate the Boston and Liverpool Packet Company, was postponed indefinitely.

The bill for the better support of public worship; and a bill for ascertaining what shall constitute a legal settlement in any town in the State, were severally referred to the next Legislature.

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BY THE MAILS.

More from the U. S. sch. Porpoise.

Extract of a letter from Capt. Ramage, of the U. S. sch. Porpoise, to the naval officer commanding at Charleston, dated

Off the North Coast of Cuba, 25th Jan. 1822.

"I have just time to tell you on behalf of the Charleston in two or three weeks. I have taken and destroyed six piratical vessels, burnt two of their establishments, killed some of their people, and have now some prisoners on board. I also recaptured from them the Spanish brig Morel, which had been in their possession three days. I have one of the schooners taken on acting as a tender, and find her of great service."

The Raleigh Register of Friday last presents us, in a form to be relied upon, the facts in regard to the progress of the Small-Pox at Tarborough, in Edgecombe county, in the state of North Carolina. In the county, there have been 72 cases of natural Small-Pox, 30 of which were in the town of Tarborough. Of this number, 6 had terminated fatally. Vaccination having been generally resorted to, and wise precautionary measures having been adopted, the disease is supposed to be checked, there being but 10 or 11 cases depending on the 1st instant. The only danger apprehended appears to lie in the want of confidence in vaccination in some neighborhoods.—*Nat. Int.*

FROM THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

From the following paragraph it would appear that our auctioneers must be a little more definite in the description of their cabinet-ware, or it will be mistaken for ware of a very different sort:—

From the Illinois Gazette.

An auctioneer in the City of Washington advertises for sale "three Cabinet Secretaries." There are four officers of the national cabinet called Secretaries, viz. the Secretary of State, Secretary of War, Secretary of the Navy, and Secretary of the Treasury—which of the four are to be thus disposed of, or by what name, we are left to conjecture. In some states of the Union, the penal code authorises the sale of human beings for certain crimes or misfortunes, but it cannot be imagined that either of the distinguished gentlemen, at the head of the departments above named, can have incurred the dread penalty of the law. How, then, are we to understand the singular advertisement?

Melancholy occurrence.—We are informed that on Sunday last, 10th inst. Mr. George Gibbs, surveyor of East Florida, accompanied by Mr. Kid, and three persons of colour, left Pensacola for the purpose of surveying Fort George Inlet, and on their return, were all drowned, except Mr. Kid, the boat having capsized.

[*Aurora paper.*

BALTIMORE, FEB. 9.

On Wednesday last, as the stage from Washington to Annapolis was crossing a ferry, a high wind blowing, the horses—they all four went overboard and were drowned. The passengers were not injured.

Large *speculative* cargoes were making up in Liverpool for the Spanish Main. The occupation of Lima by the Patriots created the hope of a very lucrative trade with that place. The decision of the trade of the port and city of London, has occasioned considerable alarm. It appears that, with the exception of the East India trade, and the coasting trade, the great portion of the foreign commerce of Great Britain centres with the out-ports—at Liverpool, Glasgow, Hull, Bristol, and New-castle—Taking from the port of London, the corn trade, and the shipping which employs her docks belonging to the East India Company, she would not possess a foreign commerce much superior to the ports of Jersey or Hamburg.—*N. Gaz.*

The affair respecting the Small Pox at Tarborough, N. C. has been explained to Congress, and does not affect the character of the Town. By the 17th of December, Capt. Antonio bearing N.E. 5 miles, schr. Camden, Perkins, of Boston, in company with the U. S. schr. Porpoise, Lieut. Commandant Porter, and the Spanish brig Morel, prize to the Porpoise, were all standing to the Northward.

MORE PIRACY.

Extract of a letter from Capt. Thurber, of the brig Martinez, of Trieste, to a friend in Mobile, Jan. 6, 1822.

"I arrived here after a tedious passage of 70 days from Cuba. On the 17th of December, Cape Antonio bearing N.E. 5 miles, schr. Camden, Perkins, of Boston, in company with U. S. Schr. Porpoise, Lieut. Commandant Porter, and a Spanish brig Morel, prize to the Porpoise, were all standing to the Northward. The brig-of-war had captured the Bremen ship into Port au Prince, where she was released.

From St. Domingo.—We have been favoured with the government Gazette of Port-au-Prince of Jan. 16th, giving information of the union of the Spanish part of St. Domingo with the rest of the Island under President Boyer.

Commodore Aury having induced the Spanish part of the Island in the northwest to declare themselves independent, with a view of its joining the Colombian Republic, a communication was opened by Boyer with the Provisional Junta of the city of St. Domingo, in which the former required the latter to unite themselves to the Republic of Hayti, which the latter declined. But in a very short time different parts of the north-west declared themselves in favor of this union. Santiago sent in its adhesion on the 23d Dec. last, which was received on the 30th of that month, and in his answer to their despatch, Boyer states that Monte-Christi, San Juan, Lamatte and other places had acceded to his government, and were organizing as a part of the Republic of Hayti. The military commander of Porto-au-Plata sent the Junta of that place, sent their acts of accession on the 31st Dec. as did the other principal towns in the Eastern part of the Spanish territory: and, at length, the city of St. Domingo itself sent in its acts of accession; and on the 12th of Jan. last, President Boyer, in a general order, announces his determination to proceed in person to that city in four days with a considerable force to secure that part of the Island, to organize the new government, and to establish order and tranquility.

We have had no less than 12 or 13 arrivals from Liverpool since the fact of this month, besides valuable arrivals from the ports of Europe and the West Indies. We understand the duties secured at the custom house for the first six days of the month exceeded a million of dollars, being a greater sum than ever accrued in the same period of time.

BOSTON, FEB. 20.

Melancholy Occurrence!—Early on Sunday morning last, between the hours of two and four, the dwelling house of Mr. Job Litchfield, of Fairhaven, was consumed by fire; and awful to relate, Mr. Litchfield and wife (the former 70 years of age, and the latter 68) perished in the conflagration! Mrs. Powers, who lived with them in the capacity of house-keeper, was awakened on Sunday morning by the roaring of the flame, and with difficulty made her escape, through dense and suffocating columns of smoke, just as the fire was bursting through the walls of her apartment. The alarm was given to the neighbors, who arrived on the spot with the avowed intention of burning the vessel and putting all hands to death. They were beating the windows in with clubs, and thrusting their daggers at me, threatening to stab me. They broke open trunks, chests, cabins, and rifled every part of the vessel, and beat all hands fore and aft, to make them confess where the money was, conducting themselves like demons from shore than men. They ripped themselves out in our clothes, and strutted about the decks, dressing their persons, &c. After ravaging about 2 hours, and being satisfied there was no more money on board, they liberated us, and let us go about our business, and think ourselves well off; they did not burn the vessel—taking 175 dollars, small sail, rigging, sails, small stores, and every article they thought of any value. They stripped me of every article of clothing and bedding, watches, spyglass, &c. not leaving me a second shirt or pair of—all the mate's and people's clothing, &c. What articles they took from me were worth nearly 400 dollars. I expect the schooner did not fare much better than we did; the pirates brought their plunder on board of us, and carried it away. They also robbed my vessel of 600 dollars: they beat all hands. They had 2 English lads to pull the boat, who informed my mate that they belonged to the English brig Union, which the pirates burnt, and murdered all hands except the lads. I saw 3 wrecks on the shore which appeared to have been burnt. The piratical vessels were of about 40 tons: crews chiefly Spaniards, of a most savage appearance and conduct, adding cruelty and abuse to the most insatiable thirst for plunder."

COURT MARTIAL.

SANDWICH, FEB. 12.—Agreeably to General Orders of the 18th of Dec. last, and January 15th following, a general Court Martial convened at Thomas Swift's Tavern, Sandwich, for the trial of Col. Joshua Hamblen, Col. Ephraim Ward, and Brigade Quarter Master Freeman Foster, officers of the 5th Division of Massachusetts militia, on Charges exhibited against them by Brigadier General Jeremiah Mayo, Adj't Gen. William H. Sumner, Lt. Fillo, and Ensign Briggs. The Court was organized as follows, viz:

PRESIDENT,

Brig. Gen. JAMES APPLETON, 1st Lt. 2d D.

MEMBERS.

Col. William Andrews, 2 Lt. 2 L. 2 D.
Col. Thaddeus Pope, 1 L. 2 B. 1 D.
Col. Adoniram Crane, 3 L. 2 B. 5 D.
Lt. Col. Nathaniel Hodgkins, 2 L. 2 B. 5 D.
Lt. Col. Newcomb Bates, 2 L. 1 B. 1 D.
Lt. Col. Abraham Williams, Batt. In. 2 B. 5 D.

Lt. Col. Amos Hill, 3 L. 2 B. 1 D.
Lt. Col. Hial Sturtevant, 1 L. 2 B. 5 D.
Maj. Willard Sayles, Batt. Ar. 2 B. 1 D.
Maj. John Frail, Batt. Ar. 1 B. 2 D.
Maj. Joseph Jenkins, 3 L. 2 B. 1 D.
Maj. Levi Bates, 2 B. 1 D. D.

JUDGE ADVOCATE.

Maj. Nathaniel M. Davis, 5 D.

ASSISTANT.

Maj. John Smith, 2 B. 1 D. Maj. 1 B. 2 D.

The accused Defendants being called, Colonel Ephraim Ward, of the 4th R. 1st B. 5th D. answered to the charges and specification of charges exhibited against him by Lieut. Ellis and Ensign Briggs—which charges the said Ward, with gross impropriety of conduct in the company election for the choice of a Captain in the town of Middleborough, on the 1st day of January, at which said Ellis and Briggs belonged. To which charges the Respondent pleaded not guilty, and no further answer was given.

An objection as to the sufficiency of the first charge as it appears being clearly, fully and legally stated, so as to hold the Respondent to trial or answer, was made and demanded by the Algerine Government. By the 3d article, the Public Council of the other powers have been pleased to send to the Dey of Algiers, a Consul, and the Complainants by Zechariah Eddy, Esq.

FEB. 16.—The Court having been engaged in examining witnesses, and the testimony having closed on the part of Government, the Court adjourned to Monday, the 25th inst.

More large Ducats.—A part of cattle, raised by Mr. Perry G. White, in Taverton, New-London county, and which has been weighed as follows: The beef of one weighed 1214 lbs hide 125, tallow 121—total, weight of quarters, beef, 1156, hide 125, tallow 162—total, 1443.

A letter from Havana, Jan. 26, to the Editor of the Maine Gazette, says, it seems that the privateer Saucy Jane, of which I have been informed by the mate of a vessel from Cadiz, arrived here, has been robbed of every thing, by the same boat that robbed the Eagle [ex], under pilot[age] by captain of the pirates for putting all that [re]l into his hands to desert. his mate, as I am called by the pirates, they have never a despute since; a duel was fought with muskets, and the mate shot dead; this is the state that the captain is in, and then took charge of the boat.

The deaths in London in 1821 were 15,-413, including 2,000 carriers, 1134 asthmas, 19 cancer, 3029 consumption, 2921 convulsions, 1149 dropsy, 1 dismal grief, 214 whooping cough, 1366 inflammations, 222 insanity, 100 measles, 547 measles, 1 mortification, 1 murdered, 500 small pox, 58 still born, 423 teething, 58 burnt, 63 drowned, 1 intemperance, 2 by poisoning, 1 by shot, 7 poisoned, 32 suicide. Under 2 years, 4276—over 90, 156, including one of 102—Christened, 21,000—Buried 18,000.

The deaths from Consumption, in London for the last year, bear a greater ratio in proportion to the whole number, that they do in New-York.—The population of London is computed at 1,200,000, and in this one in New-York; but the deaths for the last year have been but as six to one in N. York.

The deaths at N. York, in 1821, were 3245—only 2 more than the preceding year, including 17 by burns and scalds, 30 by other casualties, 7 chief consumption, 169 of convulsions as in fits, 1 by drowning, 142 by teething, 216 of fevers, 215 inflammations, 169 measles, 174 stillborn, suicide 16, [illegible]

PHILADELPHIA, OCT. 5.

"Of all the vessels that Lord Cochrane met on the Coast of Peru, he executed a considerable portion of their cargoes, making choice of the most valuable effects, under pretext of getting the duties on goods to be sold in a country he pretended to have possession of—thus establishing a custom house on the high seas. All these goods, together with an immense amount of plunder, got at Arica, including $70,000 taken from Capt. Smith, (of brig Macedonian) who happened to be in the vicinity, he took on board the San Martin, and proceeded to Callao, in the neighborhood of which port that ship was lost with all the goods he had plundered, saving only the silver. But an immense amount of gold, silver and goods can never be recovered.

A law has been passed by the Legislature of Maine, which allows an imprisoned debtor the freedom of the prison yard for nine months on bail. At which time the debtor must surrender his property or be committed to close confinement—but he is permitted to tender said lands at an appraised value in payment of his debt or debts. A destitute debtor may, however, swear out in 15 days.

NEW-BEDFORD:

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1822.

FROM FRANCE.

Capt. Davis, of the ship Frederick, arrived at New-York, from Havre-de-Grace, is bearer of Despatches from the American Legation at Paris, to our Government. Capt. D. is said to declare that there is no truth in the report of a commercial arrangement having been made between the United States and France.

The authentic accounts from Madrid, to the 23th Dec. state that place was tranquil. There is nothing said on the subject of a change of the ministry in Spain.

A letter from Smyrna of Dec. 12th, states that the Turks had the day before massacred 250 Greeks, and the Christian inhabitants continued in great alarm.

Degrand's Report, on the authority of a letter from Washington, states, "that the report of a Commercial Treaty having been made with France is without foundation."

Congress.—The debate on the Bankrupt Bill continues in the House of Representatives. The prevalent impression seems to be that the bill will not pass. A committee of the Senate has agreed 3 to 2, to amend the apportionment bill, by substituting 42,000 for 40,000.

Treaty with Algiers.—The Treaty between the United States and Algiers, concluded Dec. 23d, 1816, was ratified by the President on the 11th inst.—By the 2d article of this treaty it is stipulated, that no tribute or any presents shall be demanded by the Algerine Government. By the 3d article, the public Council of the other powers have been pleased to send to holding Christian prisoners in slavery, is as far as relates to Americans, expressly given up.

Commercially Important.—We have received from an authentic source, an Official Copy of the Edict of the Emperor of Russia, establishing "Regulations for Navigation" along the Coast of the Aleutian Islands and on that part of the North West Coast of America, lately belonging to Russia." The date of the Edict is the 4th of September last. The regulations are of great length, [illegible] they may be of importance to our mercantile readers, and particularly to those interested in that trade, it is our duty to publish them in extenso. The two first rules contain the pith of the whole matter, which we therefore present at once, viz:

"Sec. 1. The pursuits of commerce, whaling and fishing, and all other pursuits in any islands, ports, and gulfs, including the whole of the north west coast of America, beginning from Behring's Straits to the 51st degree of northern latitude; also, from the Aleutian Islands to the east of the Promontory of Alaska, as well as along the Kurile Islands from Behring's Straits, to the South Cape of the Island of Urup, that is to the 45th degree 50 min. northern latitude, is exclusively granted to Russian subjects.

Sec. 2. It is therefore prohibited to all foreign vessels, not only to land on the Coasts and Islands belonging to Russia, as stated above; but also to approach them within less than a hundred Italian miles. The transgressor's vessel is subject to confiscation, along with the whole cargo."—[*National Intelligencer.*]

We have informed our readers that we have received an entire copy of the Edict of the Emperor of Russia respecting trade in the Aleutian Islands and on the North West Coast. One regulation interesting to traders, but not contained in that Edict, has come authentically to our knowledge, viz: That the Edict is to take effect, as to vessels of the United States, which leave the ports of the United States, after the first day of July next, and as to vessels which leave the ports of Europe, after the 1st day of next month.—*ib.*

According to the statement of the Secretary of War, lately submitted to Congress, the number of persons employed in the peaceable pursuits, agreeably to the act of March, 1810 who had been engaged in the revolutionary war, amounted, in 1790; 130; of this number, 11,392 have been continued under the act of May, 1020, and 2,369 drop'd from the rolls under said act; and the number of original claims admitted since the 1st of May 1820 is 679.

The votes in the state of New York on the amended Constitution were, in favor of and daughter of Col. Caleb Howard.—In the amendment, 75,422; against it, 41,497; *West-Bridgewater*, 13th inst. Mr. Alpheus majority in favor 33,925.

The Rev. Bennett Tyler has been elected President of Dartmouth College.

The Legislature of Upper Canada have voted £1000 to defray the expense of erecting a monument to the memory of Gen. Brock, who fell at the battle of Queenstown.

The desperation of thieves in Philadelphia has arrived to so great a height, that on Tuesday of last week two negroes knocked down a watchman, and beat another so that he died. The succeeding night another man was knocked down and robbed of his money, coats, shoes, and pantaloons.

In *Newport*, Mr. Edward Gorton, aged 74—Mrs. Dorothy Thurston, aged 87, widow of Wm. Thurston—Mr. William Allen, aged 66, for many years Town Clerk—Mrs. Charlotte W. Shearman, aged 32, daughter of Capt. Wm. Shearman.

In *Hudson*, N. Y. 22 ult. Mrs. Hepsebeth Hussey, aged 80, formerly of Nantucket.

MARINE DIARY.

Ship Sterling Washington, Swain, of Nantuck[et], arrived at Edgartown, as mentioned last week, from 9000 bbls. sperm oil. Capt. Nye, of Sandwich, late of the ship Stranger, of Fairhaven, which has been sold at Valparaiso, came passenger; also Capt. Satchell, mate, and two seamen of the brig Hercules, of *New London*.

The Washington left and heard of the following ships—June 21, 1821, William Rotch, Tobey, 1500 bbls—Oct. 7, *Persia*, Cross, 700—May, 27, Charles, Collin, 700; ——, Cornell, 1[

NEW-BEDFORD MERCURY.

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1822. VOL. XV.

No. 32.

POETRY.

FROM A LATE ENGLISH PAPER.

A WINTER MORNING.

IT was upon a wintry morn.
When snow flakes on the wind were borne,
The keen black frost had scarcely failed,
And sleet and rain by turns assailed,
I marked, as where in warmth I stood,
And the sight did almost freeze my blood,
A little infant, on a stone,
Child'd and shivering, sat alone.

The snow fell thick and fast, yet he
Did never speak, but piteously
Upon each passer, with a sigh,
Rent his little tearful eye—
Yet of him notice none was taken,
He seemed to be by all forsaken,
As cold and shivering on the stone,
The little sufferer sat alone.

He asked not aid—he looked for one
Who came not—who alas! was gone
Forever from him—ne'er was he
Again that guilty one to see,
Nor e'er again was that sweet boy
To warm his mother's heart with joy—
For she, that morn, upon that stone,
Had left him there to sit alone.

At length his fears his silence broke,
And then the little lad thus spoke:
"Alas! methinks she lingers long,
I cannot see her in the throng,
I strain my eyes to look in vain,
Alas! she will not come again—
And yet she promised, when she rose
She left me sitting on this stone.

"Oh, mother! come to me, for I
Am cold—and sick—and sorely
Methinks the night begins to fall.
For darkness shuts me out from all
I saw before—I feel not now
The damp snow falling on my brow,
And sure the cold has left this stone,
Where I have sat so long alone.

"Come mother, come! nor tarry longer,
For Oh! this weakness grows still stronger!
Come, mother! take me to your breast,
How faint I am—come mother—come."
He said no more—his little breast
Heaved but once, then sunk to rest.
Now calm, and colder than the stone
Where first he sat, he lies alone.

But soon that wretched mother came.
With her eyes in tears and her heart in flame;
And—Gon!—how she stood in mute surprise
When first the child met her eyes.
When first his little face she knew—
So changed from the last and lovely hue
It wore that morn, when she left alone,
In tempest and storm, on a damp cold stone.

But who shall tell the pangs she felt,
As madly in the snow she knelt
And clasp'd him round, in her deep distress,
In all his chilling listless—
The tear at once forsook her eye,
And she raised a harsh and horrid cry,
That seemed as mad'ning to hear
The last of her knowledge of grief and care.
Oh! ne'er will she taste sweet rest again—
For madness reigns in her troubled brain.
For her boy she calls thro' day and night;
In coldness, in darkness, & pale moon-light;
"My boy! my boy, have you seen my boy?"
Not another thought does her mind employ—
Not a gleam of hope from the past can she borrow,
As she wanders along in the grasp of her sorrow!

MUSIC.

MR. TAYLOR, respectfully informs the Gentlemen and Ladies of New-Bedford and its vicinity, that he purposes, should sufficient encouragement be given by the 1st of April next, to give instruction on the *PIANO FORTE*. Subscription Papers are left at Messrs. Bourne & Haskell's Office, and at A. Gerrish's Book-store.
February 15.

Real Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, the House in which he lives, and another small Dwelling-house a little to the east, fronting the Main-street; together with the lots on which they stand, and all the premises thereunto belonging.

Secondly, an half acre Lot, near the Friends' Meeting-house—either the whole, one half, or quarter thereof, as may best suit the purchaser.

Thirdly, an half acre Water Lot, in the north part of the town, adjoining Seth & Charles Russell's Wharf and Store—the whole or any part thereof.

Fourthly, a Lot adjoining Thomas Roteh's lot, to the north, on which is erected his new block of buildings, containing 26 rods. The whole or any part of the property aforementioned will be sold at a fair valuation, according to the situation which it occupies. Those who may be disposed to purchase are requested to call on the subscriber, or to JULIUS S. MATHEW, in New-Bedford; or WILLIAM BATES, Esq. Fairhaven.

JEREMIAH MAYHEW.
New-Bedford, Feb. 14, 1822.

FOR SALE,

A FARM, situated near the center of the town of *Middleborough*, on the stage road from New-Bedford to Boston, containing forty acres of Land, well proportioned to Mowing, Tillage and Pasture, with a Dwelling-House, Barn, and Corn-house.—For further particulars, inquire of

THOMAS CLARK,
living on the premises. *Feb. 8.*

A Farm for sale.

FOR Sale, a FARM, situated near the center of the Town of *Middleborough*, containing about 100 acres of Land, well wooded, with a Dwelling-House, Barn, Chaise-house, Corn-house, Wood-house, &c.

Possession will be given the 1st of April next. For further particulars, inquire of WILLIAM BOURNE, living near the premises, or to the Subscriber, of New-Bedford.

Jan. 18. JOSEPH BOURNE.

Rigging Left Wanted.

WANTED to hire, immediately, a Store suitable for a Rigging Loft; or a Lot of Land in a suitable situation to erect a building on for said purpose. Apply

For Philadelphia,
THE Sloop HENRY, Capt. JOHN HOWLAND, will commence loading on the 16th, to sail with all possible despatch, having part of her cargo ready to go on board. For remainder, or passage, apply to the subscribers, who contemplate running a vessel constantly through the season. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.

HUSSEY & ALLEN.
2d mo. 15.

Copartnership.

THE Subscribers have formed a Copartnership under the firm of SMITH & RUSSELL, for the purpose of transacting *General Commission Business*, in the City of Philadelphia.

JAMES LOGAN SMITH,
JOSEPH S. RUSSELL.
February 8, 1822.

Copartnership Formed.

THE Subscribers have formed a Copartnership under the firm of HUSSEY & MACKAY, for the transaction of general *COMMISSION BUSINESS*, in the city of *New-York*.

GEORGE HUSSEY,
WILLIAM MACKAY, 2d.
December 21.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of NATHANIEL LISCOMB & CO. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st inst. All persons indebted to said firm, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having demands, to present them for settlement to the subscribers.

NATHANIEL LISCOMB,
JOHN F. WINSLOW,
EDWARD GLADDING.
Fairhaven, Feb. 6, 1822.

EDWARD GLADDING and JOHN F. WINSLOW have formed a connexion under the firm of GLADDING & WINSLOW, and will continue the Rope-Making business at the Walk recently occupied by Nathaniel Liscomb & Co.—where all orders in their line will be promptly attended to. *Feb. 8.*

Thacher's Orchardist, &c.

THE AMERICAN ORCHARDIST, or a Practical Treatise on the culture and management of Apple and Cider Orchards.—To which is added the most approved method of manufacturing and preserving Cider.—Compiled from the latest and most approved authorities, and adapted to the use of American Farmers.—By JAMES THACHER, M. D. Plymouth, 1822. 1 vol. 8vo. pp. 214.

The Farmer's Assistant; being a Digest of all that relates to Agriculture, and the conducting of rural affairs; alphabetically arranged, and adapted to the use of the U. States. By JOHN NICHOLSON, Esq. of Hempstead County, State of Arkansas Ter. Second edition, corrected and enlarged.

Coax on Fruit Trees—Forsyth on do.
For Sale, by
A. SHEARMAN, jun.
—WHO HAS ALSO LATELY RECEIVED—
Report of the Case of the *JEUNE EUGENIE*, determined in the United Court of the United States, at Boston, Dec. 1821. By WILLIAM P. MASON, Reporter.

Description of the Island of St. Michael, comprising an account of its geological structure; with remarks on the other Azores or Western Islands. By JOHN W. WEBSTER, M. D.

Specimens of the Russian Poets; with Preliminary Remarks and Notes, Critical and Explicatory. Translated by JOHN BOWRING.
2d mo. 8.

Miscellaneous Bookstore.

GEO. STURTEVANT, has lately received and offers for sale, a large assortment of Miscellaneous and School Books.—Private and Social Libraries, Preceptors, and Instructors of Schools, will be supplied with Books and Stationary on the most reasonable terms. ☞ Books bound to any pattern. *July 20.*

Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c.

CALEB GREENE, at his old stand, in Water-street, has lately received, a fresh supply of *DRUGS & MEDICINES*, of the first qualities, too numerous for detail, Among other articles, he has Cough Drops, the most approved; Moore's Essence of Life; English Turlington's Balsam, or Balm of Life; Deane's Rheumatic Pills; best Bilious Pills; fresh made excellent Sweet Oil, by the flask or bottle, of lower price than any such Oil has been sold here; a new supply of Trusses; Indigo, Logwood, and Nicaragua Wood, in stick; the same ground; Alum and Copperas: Green-Setting; ground Pepper, ground Cinnamon, together with almost every article that is called for at an Apothecary's shop, and some that are not—such as Macaboy Snuff, Lorillard's do.; a good assortment of Cutlery and Penknives, of the first quality; Snuff Boxes; Oranges.

Also, fresh and new *RAISINS*, by cask or box, very low. *11th mo. 30.*

Toule's Camboose-Stoves,

WINDLASS Whelps, Hawse Rollers for Chain Cables, &c.—constantly on hand and for sale, by

HUSSEY & ALLEN, Agents for the Manufacturer. *10th mo. 19.*

A Cook Wanted.

A WHITE WOMAN, who understands plain Cooking, is wanted in a small family.

J. ROTCH, *Corner of Williams and Eighth streets.*
2d mo. 15.

WANTED,

TWO Journeymen Coopers. Apply to
DARNEY & STODDARD, *Fairhaven.*
Who have for sale—10,000 feet yellow pine *HEADING.* *Feb. 1.*

Apprentice Wanted.

WANTED immediately, a Lad, from 16 to 18 years of age, as an Apprentice to the Comb making business—Apply to LEVI BARNARD, *Fairhaven.*

☞Who wishes to buy Neats Horns, to pay cash.

W. & G. ALLEN,

HAVE received and are offering for sale on liberal terms, the following articles, viz.—Superfine black, blue, brown, mixed, olive and drab Broadcloths; do. low priced do.; super, double and single milled Cassimers, various colors; Valencia and Swansdown Vestings; silk do.; olive Velveteen; green, yellow and white Flannels; Duffils, Kerseys, Plains, Vineyard Cloths, Bombazetts, Bombazines, Fabbinetts, Nankeen and Canton Crapes; Cambrics, Muslins, Dimities, Sheetings, Shirtings, linen Cambrics, cotton and linen Ditto's, silk and mixed do.; Damask Table Cloths; Diaper, Gloves, Hosiery, with a great variety of plain and plaid Silks; together with an elegant assortment of Ribbons, Shawls, fancy Handkfs &c. &c.

Also, just received, domestic Bedticking, Sheetings, Shirtings, and Checks.

☞Tailoring particularly attended to.

Also, for sale as above, a few shaldrons Virginia Coal, and 200 bushels Shorts.
Jan. 25.

Cassimere Shawls, &c.

RECENTLY received, a few setts of rich plaid winter Ribbons, a variety of Cassimere Shawls, and a handsome assortment of plain and figured Bombazetts, and lamb's wool and worsted Hosiery; fine white and colored Flannels, and elegant long Irish Pelisse Cloths. Also, Paintings, of various colors—and for sale by

ROBERT S. SMITH.
Dec. 14.

Fall and Winter Goods.

T. T. CHURCHILL,

HAS this week received his supply of *FALL and WINTER GOODS*, consisting in part of the following articles: Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Duffils, Kerseys, Satinetts, Flannels, Pelisse Cloths, extensive Shawls; 1 box 3-4 and 6-4 merino Shawls; Italian Cloth, Bombazines, Crapes; Tartan and Scotch do; Bombazetts, fig'd do; Nankin and Canton Crapes; real Italian Lustrings, plain and fig'd; Taffeta, Velvets, beaver Gloves; Hosiery of all descriptions; gentlemen's lamb's wool Drawers; plaid and striped Lastrings; Italian and Silesia Gloves; elegant black fig'd silk Vestings; Worsted do.; colored Lavenettes, fig'd do; table Linens; Russia Diapers, &c.

Also, one bale of Rose Blankets, from 3-4 to 14-4. *Oct. 26.*

NEW GOODS.

SIMEON BAILEY, has just received from Boston, a general assortment of *FALL and WINTER GOODS*; Consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Hunter's Cloths, Duffils, Drab Coatings, Velvets, Pelisse Cloths, Coatings, Bombazetts, Plaids, Blankets; black, white, yellow, red and green Flannels; green Bocking, Vestings, Calicoes, Gloves; silk and cotton Handk'fs; Factory Shirtings and Shirtings; cassimere Shawls, Hose, men's Half Dress, Garters, Frocks, red Caps, Tapes, Bobbins, sewing Silks, Pins, Needles, &c. All of the above articles may be had cheap. *Oct. 26.*

TOBEY & BLACKBURN,

—OPPOSITE THE BANK.—

OFFER for sale—super, middling and low priced Cloths of all colours; Cassimeres of different colors and qualities; Plains, Kerseys, Satinetts, Duffils, Coatings, Vestings, Flannels, Baizes, Hunter's and Rockingham Blankets, Cassimere Shawls, Bombazetts, British Shirtings, Calicoes, Furnitures Cambrics, Bleaching, Checks, Ticks, Woollen Gloves, Ribbons, Buttons, &c. &c.—all of which will be sold on the best terms for cash or approved credit.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Tailoring business.

☞Any of the above goods will be exchanged for American Flannels. Vineyard Sound Cloths, and Stockings.

BATES & WASHBURN,

HAVE received an assortment of *DRY GOODS.*

☞ B. & W. wish to buy a few thousand Dollars in Dubloons and other Foreign Gold. Also, American Gold. *Nov. 9.*

Boots, Shoes, &c.

OLIVER SWAIN has just received a new supply of *BOOTS* and *SHOES*, which with those on hand, make a complete assortment of gentlemen's, ladies', misses, boy's and children's Boots and Shoes, suitable for this season of the year. Also, Calf, Goat, Lining and Binding Skins; ball, skein and sewing Thread; paper and pegg awls; Pegs, Webbing, real Day & Martin's, Hunt's and Spoge Blacking; Black-Ball and Brushes.

Also, gentlemen's and ladies Over-Shoes and Mogerons—a few pair gentlemen's velvet worm Stockings.

☞ Gentlemen's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes made to order. *Feb. 1.*

Sole Leather and Calf-skins.

DAVID SILVESTER, has just received and for sale by the subscriber, 600 wt. first quality Sole Leather. Also a quantity of very stout Calf-skins, suitable for Boots—Also, morocco Lining and Binding skins; gentlemen's first quality calf skin Boots; ladies' morocco and leather Boots, and also Over shoes; Cork Soles, to put in the bottom of gentlemen's and ladies' Boots and Shoes, to keep the dampness out. Also, Calf, Goat, Lining and Binding Skins; ball, skein and sewing Thread; paper and pegg awls; Pegs, Webbing, real Day & Martin's, Hunt's and Spoge Blacking; Black-Ball and Brushes. Also, gentlemen's and ladies Over-Shoes and Mogerons—a few pair gentlemen's velvet worm Stockings.

☞ Gentlemen's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes made to order. *Feb. 1.*

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Auction & Commission Business.

THE Subscriber informs the public, that he continues as a *AUCTION and COMMISSION BUSINESS*, at his Store, near the head of G. Russell's wharf—where he offers for sale, on the best terms—150 bbls. superfine Hewed-at. Baltimore Flour; 100 bbls. yellow Corn; 50 bbls. Rye; 50 bbls. Mess Beef; 50 do. Carge No. 1. do.; 10 do. Cargo No. 2; 100 quints. Table Fish; 5 bbls. Oil Meal; 5 bbls. Martinique Sugar; and an assortment of Anchors.

4th mo. 20. PETER BARNEY.

Crockery, Glass & China Ware.

GEORGE SISSON, *Agent,*
MAIN-STREET.....NEW-BEDFORD,

HAS just received from Boston, on consignment, an elegant variety of EARTHEN, CHINA and GLASS WARE; comprising blue printed Plates, Twifers, Muffins, Bakers, Nappies, Dishes, and complete Dining Services—oval and round Tea Ware—Bowls—Handled Breakfast Coffee Bowls and Saucers—Cups and Saucers—Ewers and Basins—Chambers, Pitchers, &c. of the Verandah and State-house patterns—Concave and shell edged Plates, Twifers, Muffins, and Dishes—oval and round Bakers, Salads, Nappies, &c.—with a general assortment of painted, colored, and c. c. Ware.

Also, China Tea setts, white and gold burnished—Landscape Views and other patterns—a variety of common and lustre Chins.

Also, plain and cut flint Glass Ware, of all kinds; among which are elegant Wines, of the Verandah and State-house patterns—common Entry Lamps. The above is offered on as low terms as at any house in Boston.

☞ Wares packed in the best manner.

Also, a good assortment of *W. I. GOODS* and *GROCERIES*, viz.—Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Rum, Holands Gin; Cordials; Madeira, Sicily Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Sherry and Vidonia Wines, Teas, loaf, lump, and brown Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Raisins, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, &c. &c. *Feb. 8.*

CORN.

D. R. GREEN has just received per sloop *Brothers*, 200 bushs. Southern *CORN*, which he is selling as low as at any store in town. *Feb. 15.*

Flour, Corn, Rye, &c.

JOHN AKIN, Jun. has just received, 450 bushels Rye—10 bbls. Buckwheat, 50 bbls Flour—500 bushels Corn, Copal do. 30 do. Tar—15 do. Vinegar,

5 tierces new Rice,
6 bottles Madder—1000 lbs. Hams,
2 small size Franklin Stoves. *Feb. 1.*

New Butter, Cheese and Fruit Store.

HUNTING & COLBURN, have taken the Store No. 1, Market-Row, opposite Mr. Rotch's Counting House, where they have on hand a constant supply of Butter, Cheese, and Fruit, of the first qualities.
Boston, Dec. 12. (9w.)

BEEF.

LEVI STANDISH, has just received from Boston, 100 bbls. Mess and No. 1 *BEEF*, newly packed, and warranted—Price \$8 per bbl. cash, from 30 days after Boston prices, with the expense only added. Also will contract to furnish any quantity that may be wanted.as above.
Oct. 35. (tf.)

Hemp, Iron and Duck.

CHARLES W. MORGAN, offers for sale, at S. RODMAN'S Stores, the cargo of the Russia brig Sea Nymph from St. Petersburg; consisting of clean *HEMP*, old white *IRON*, 1st & 2d quality *SAIL-CLOTH*, and assorted *DUCK*. (tf.) *Mar. 30.*

Hemp, Duck, and Cordage.

SAMUEL RODMAN, jun. offers for sale—Russia clean *HEMP*, (Benezett's cargo); an assortment of Russia *SAIL CLOTH* and *DUCK*; Manilla and Tarred *RIGGING* and *CORDAGE*, of the best quality, made to order.

One ton best Russia *IRON*, 1-2 inch rods. *10th mo. 19.*

Hemp and Duck.

FOR Sale, by WM. R. ROTCH & CO. at WM. RICH, jr's. stone store—clean St. Petersburgh cut *HEMP*, of a superior quality; Russia heavy *DUCK*; 1st and 2d qualities; do. half Duck; do. Ravens do. *11 mo. 9, 1821.*

PATENT CORDAGE,

WARRANTED equal to that made in this country, and superior to any made in this country. Orders for the above will be received and promptly executed by

PAUL BARNEY, *Agent for*
WINSLOW LEWIS & CO. *Patent Cordage Manufacturers, Boston.*
9th mo. 1

Gamaliel Bryant,

HAS just received his Fall supply of *GROCERIES*, which together with his old Stock on hand, make a complete variety—Every article of the following articles, viz.—

Cognac *BRANDY*,
Sweet, Scheidam and American *GIN*,
Old Jamaica, St. Croix, } *RUM*,
Tobago, and E. England }
Old Port, old Madeira,
Sicily Madeira,
Lisbon, } *WINES*,
Sicily Madeira,
Catalonia and Malaga
Cinnamon, Cloves,
Rockerry, Rose, and } *CORDIALS*,
Annisseed
Nutmegs, Cherry Rum, cherry Brandy,
Shrub, of an excellent quality,
London Porter,
Loaf and lump,
Havana brown, and } *SUGARS*,
Porto Rico,
MOLASSES,
Fresh Hyson,
Hyson-Skin, and } *TEAS*,
Southong,
Foreign and domestic *COFFEE*,
CHOCOLATE, (fresh)
Cask, Blown and Muscatel *RAISINS*.

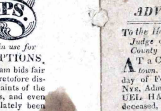
—ALSO—

Soft shell Almonds, black and Cayenne Pepper, Ginger, Pimento, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, ground Mustard, by lb. or in bottles; Pearlash, Starch, Soap, Tobacco, by kig or lb.; smoaking Tobacco, Spanish and Anker, Segars, Pipes, counter and house Brushes, best Boxes, Cannipails, Kegs and stone Jugs, &c.

☞ Ship Stores put up on the shortest notice, of the first qualities, and on the best terms. *Sept. 21.*

R. & W. SWIFT,

HAVE just received an additional supply of Chests, and have now on hand *CHAIRS* of all descriptions; together with a general assortment of *CABINET FURNITURE*, which they offer for sale, on liberal terms, at their Furniture Ware House, Main-street, near the Four-Corners.
January 10.



The most valuable Medicine to use for COUGHS and CONSUMPTIONS.

THIS new and healing Balsam bids fair to rival every Medicine heretofore discovered, for Coughs, and complaints of the lungs, leading to Consumptions, and even in seated Consumptions it has lately been greatly relieved, with the most surprising success. If certificates from persons of the highest respectability, or the great and increasing demand for it, may be a proof of its good effects, it is proved. Scarcely a case of Colds, Coughs, pain in the side, difficulty of breathing, want of sleep arising from debility, or even Consumptions, but may be relieved by the timely use of this Medicine. Many certificates of its efficacy accompany each bottle.

Caution.—Be particular that every genuine bottle has "*Anderson's Cough Drops.*" stamped on the bottle; and the directions are all signed by James Mackay.

For the further satisfaction of the public the following Certificates are offered for perusal.

Copy of a letter to Mr. Lorenzo Bull, Druggist, Hartford.

SIR—I am a man above sixty years of age, and have been afflicted from my infancy with a cough, more or less troublesome; and especially, when I took cold; but in the summer of 1817, I took a violent cold which caused a bad cough, pain in the breast and wheezing, so that it deprived me in a measure of sleep, and at times could not lie in bed, which continued for a long time, and which got my health very low. I then heard of Dr. Anderson's Cough Drops, and purchased a your store in this city, which I have reason to believe have restored me to my former state of health, and I can truly say that I believe them to be the best medicine for coughs and colds now in use.

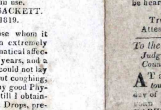
ALEXANDER SCHMITT.
Warren, (Conn.) March 26, 1819.

This may certify to all those whom it may concern, that I have been extremely afflicted with a distressing asthmatical affection, which has lasted near 40 years, and a great part of the time so that I could not lie in bed nor sit in meeting without coughing, notwithstanding I had tried many good Physicians, and various medicines in vain, I obtained a phial of Anderson's Cough Drops, prepared by Dr. Meilen, of Hudson, and by the use of them, very considerably in bed, and sit in meeting without coughing; and further certify, that my neighbour Benjamin Philbrook had become unable to travel; on account of an affection of the lungs, attended with a cough, and has received much benefit from the same kind of medicine, so as to be able to labour again, and I can therefore recommend this medicine to those who are attended with such complaints.

I the subscriber, of Providence, do solemnly affirm to the truth and whole truth of the above statement before a Magistrate at Providence (R. I.) on this 4th day of July, A. D. 1821. CHRISTOPHER COOK.

☞The above Medicine is for sale by JAHAZIEL JENNEY, New-Bedford, and ELISHA COOK, Nantucket.

Also, sold wholesale, by BARTLETT & BREWER, No. 13. Cornhill, Boston; and H. H. SCHIFFELIN, & Co. New-York.



Price 37½ Cents.

THAT most valuable Ointment, being not only the most pleasant, but for safe, speedy and certain cure, is not equaled by any yet offered to the public.

—ALSO—

WHEATON'S WELL KNOWN *LIVERWORT BITTERS*,

an eminently useful for removing all Jaundice and bilious complaints, which are so prevalent at the present day.

—LIKEWISE—

DR. DAVENPORT'S CELEBRATED *PILLS and EYE-WATER*.

For the short-time the latter article has been in use, it has been very much esteemed for its good effects.

The above Medicines are sale by C. GREENE, J. OTIS, and SWIFT, NYE & Co. *New-Bedford*; S. Backer. *Dartmouth*; S. Tobey, and A. Rotch. *Fairhaven*; O. C. Bartlett, R. Macy, J. Brock, and E. Gale, *Nantucket*; P. Washburn & Co. and P. H. Pierce. *Middleborough*; B. F. Leonard, and J. Roggies, *Rochester*; I. Lebaron, *Plymouth*; Eyers & Mackay, *Boston*; and all druggists in *Boston*, and in the principal towns from Maine to Georgia.
Oct. 19. (6m.)

WEEKLY ALMANACK—1822.

FEBRUARY.	R.	S.	S	Sets.	F. Sea.
22 *Friday*	6 37	6	37		8 10
23 *Saturday*	6 36	6	38		9 0
24 *Sunday*	6 35	6	39	6	9 50
25 *Monday*	6 34	6	40	10	10 20
26 *Tuesday*	6 33	6	41	11	11 10
27 *Wednesday*	6 30	6	morn.		11 50
28 *Thursday*	6 29	6	43		1 10

New-Bedford Mercury:

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☞ *JOB PRINTING*, in its variety, handsomely executed at this Office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

To the Honorable HOBIJAH BAYLIES, *Judge of the Court of Probate for the County of Bristol.*

AT a Court of Probate holden at *Freetown*, in and for said county, on the fifth day of February, A. D. 1822:—ALFRED NYE, Administrator of the Estate of SAMUEL HATHAWAY, late of *Fairhaven*, deceased, respectfully represents:—That by the consent and consent of Council, two special Justices for every Court of Sessions established in this Commonwealth by an act, entitled, "an act to establish Courts of Sessions," passed on the twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nine-[illegible] and the Justices thereof, for the county aforesaid, are empowered to issue their precepts to any Constable or Deputy Sheriff, commanding him to summon such Justices from any cause, shall be unable to hear and determine any matter or thing before them, the cause of such inability being stated in the precept, a summons shall issue from the Court or any Justice thereof, requiring one or both of the said Special Justices, as the case may be, (especially, when I took cold; but in the summer of 1817, I took a violent cold which caused a bad cough, pain in the breast and wheezing, so that it deprived me in a measure of sleep, and at times could not lie in bed, which continued for a long time, and which got my health very low. I then heard of Dr. Anderson's Cough Drops, and purchased a your store in this city, which I have reason to believe have restored me to my former state of health, and I can truly say that I believe them to be the best medicine for coughs and colds now in use.

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Laws of Massachusetts.

AN ACT increasing the numbers and extending the powers of Justices of the Courts of Sessions.

SEC. 1. BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same*, That there shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of Council, two special Justices for every Court of Sessions established in this Commonwealth by an act, entitled, "an act to establish Courts of Sessions," passed on the twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nine-[illegible] and the Justices thereof, for the county aforesaid, are empowered to issue their precepts to any Constable or Deputy Sheriff, commanding him to summon such Justices from any cause, shall be unable to hear and determine any matter or thing before them, the cause of such inability being stated in the precept, a summons shall issue from the Court or any Justice thereof, requiring one or both of the said Special Justices, as the case may be, especially, when I took cold; but in the summer of 1817, I took a violent cold which caused a bad cough, pain in the breast and wheezing, so that it deprived me in a measure of sleep, and at times could not lie in bed, which continued for a long time, and which got my health very low. I then heard of Dr. Anderson's Cough Drops, and purchased a your store in this city, which I have reason to believe have restored me to my former state of health, and I can truly say that I believe them to be the best medicine for coughs and colds now in use.

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SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That whenever the Standing Justices of the Courts of Sessions aforesaid shall be unable to hear and determine any matter or thing before them, the cause of such inability being stated in the precept issued and directed to any Constable or Deputy Sheriff, commanding him to summon such Justices from any cause, shall be unable to hear and determine any matter or thing pending before them.

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SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That the said special Justices shall have the same power and the same pay, as the Standing Justices of the Sessions so long as it shall be necessary for them to attend and officiate with the Court; but they are at no time to attend and officiate with the Court, on any matters or things which the Standing Justices thereof are able to determine without them.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted*, That all the power, authority and directions, which is now vested in the Courts of Common Pleas for this Commonwealth, in virtue of the third section of the act entitled "An act relating to the punishment of convicts who may be sentenced to solitary imprisonment and to servere and hard labor," be and the same is hereby vested in, and transferred to the aforesaid Courts of Sessions.

Approved by the Governor,
February 6, 1822.

AN Act in addition to an act, entitled "an act to ascertain the quality of Pot and Pearl Ashes, and for the more effectual inspection of the same."

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same*, That whenever any Pot or Pearl Ashes shall have been inspected into this Commonwealth from any of the United States, in which laws exist providing for the inspection of the same, in the manner prescribed by the law entitled "an act to ascertain the quality of Pot and Pearl Ashes, and for the more effectual inspection of the same," they, from and after the passing of this act, be exported without having been re-inspected in this Commonwealth, any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.—*Provided, however*, that the said Pot and Pearl Ashes shall be accompanied by an Inspector duly appointed under the authority of the State from whence they shall be imported, describing the quality and weight of the same; and provided, also, the casks, containing the Pot and Pearl Ashes so imported, shall be branded with the name of the State from which the same shall have been imported, and in all respects made conformably to law.

Approved by the Governor,
February 7, 1822.

Law of the United States.

AN ACT reviving and extending the time allowed for the redemption of land sold for direct taxes, in certain cases.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That the time allowed for the redemption of lands, which have been, or may be, sold for the non-payment of taxes under the several acts, passed the second day of August, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and the fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred