

Poor

No. 31st

Concerning the Poor

1693

Advised, that if any Poor Friends for the future should incline to remove themselves & Families to this City, that before they unsettle themselves, they apply to the Monthly or Quarterly Meetings to which they belong for advice & Counsel, & that such Meetings do rather Advertise them to be Contented in their Places & Stations where Provisions & accommodations may be much easier and cheaper obtained than at London, or if permitted by Certificate to remove, that then the Monthly or Quarterly Meetings from whence they come do take care to supply their necessities, that the Friends of London may not be overcharged for the future.

1694 Advised that care be taken that Poor Friends Children may freely partake of Education in order to Apprentiship. 1696

1696 Advised that such among Friends as are endued with Plenty of outward Substance betimely & tenderly advised to do good therewith in their day and Generation, — especially with regard to the Poor; That the Tokens of their Charity may recommend their memorial, & be good Precedents to Generations to come. — That the Rich remember the Poor, & do good in their life time, & if they make any Settlement for the use of the Poor, to take Advice & Counsel that it may be done so that Friends may not be Deprived of their Charity, & may be firm and according to 1698

1698 As to the Endeavoring to procure an Act or Acts for Employing & Relief of the Poor Amongst us, and Building a Work house or Work-houses; It's Refered to

Poor

1698 to the Meeting for Sufferings to Proceed as the Respective Counties, Shall give Directions to them and shall send up Friends to assist in soliciting for the said Act or acts from each County if they see Meet.

1701 Tis Desired that no Poor Friends Children may want any Necesary Learning.

1709 Advised & Desired that where Friends want Ability in the World their Monthly & Quarterly Meetings assist them, that the Children of the Poor may have due help of Education, Instruction & Necesary Learning; & that Children both of the Rich & Poor may be early provided with Industrious Employments, that they may not grow up in Idleness, Sloveness & vice; but that being thus seasoned with the Truth, Sanctified of God, taught Our holy Self-denying Way, They may appear a Reputation to our holy Profession, the Comfort of their Honest Parents, Instrumental to the Glory of God, and the good of the Generation coming on.

1710 Agreed, That if any Poor Friend or Friends, for the time to come, should Incline to remove themselves & Families from the Limits & Comps of one Quarterly, or Monthly Meeting to another, that before they unsettle themselves They apply themselves to such Meetings to which they belong for advice & Counsel therein, of which if the said Meeting to which they apply do approve, that they then give a Certificate signifying such Meetings Consent to their removal,

² When any Friend or Friends having such Certificate as above, shall bring their Certificate to any Meeting to which it may be Directed, & the Meeting accept and receive their Collection for the Poor, or put the said Friend or Friends into any Service of the Church in the Comps of the Meeting they remove into,

such

to have
Certificates

² What is
to be deemed
a Settlement

Poor

1710 Such Receiving their Collection or Employment may well be deemed a Settlement within the Comps of such Meeting And altho such Friend or Friends may not be of ability to contribute to the Collection for the Poor or the Services of the Monthly Meeting, yet such Friend or Friends behaving him or themselves according to truth, & not any ways chargable to the said meeting, for the space of three years after the Delivery of his or their Certificate, they may also then be well Deemed to belong to the Meeting within the Comps of which they shall so three years Inhabit. ³ Servent Men & Maids bringing a Certificate as aforesaid being hired for one year, and serving the same faithfully & honestly, that then after such years service, They also may be well Deemed to belong to the Meeting within the Comps whereof they served, if they delivered in to the Meeting within that time, the Certificate they had. ⁴ If any Professing Truth, Contrary to former Advice Remove without a Certificate, & fall into want, and apply to any Friends for Assistance, that then the friend to whom they apply may write to the Meeting to which the distressed shall say he or they did belong, to acquaint that Meeting of such a Necksititous Person, I know how such Person or Persons did stand in the Unity of Friends, and if such Necksititous Person, have not been Denied before they became thus chargable, that then the Meeting from whence they came & to which they did belong, shall reimburse the Charges they have been at on their Account.

This agreement to Continue but four years,
unless it be then Renewed.

1711 An Explanation of the fourth Article in the
Last years agreement Relating to the Settlement of
the Poor, as follows. Viz:

If

Poor

1715
an
Explanation
to the 4th
Article
in 1710

If any Poor Friend or Friends shall Unadvisedly Remove from their habitations without a certificate, & fall into want, and apply to any Friend where they come for Assistance, that then the Friend to whom they apply, may write to the Meeting to which the distressed shall say he or they did belong, to acquaint that Meeting of such a Recepititous Person, & know how such Person or Persons did stand in the Unity of Friends when they removed, & if such Recepititous Persons have not been Denied, or were owned, before they became thus chargable, that then the Meeting from whence they came, and to which they did belong do reimburse half the charges which have ^{been} expended upon the account of the Recepititous, for any time not exceeding three months. In which time the Meeting from whence they came, shall desire the Recepititous Person to return, which they are desired to do with all reasonable expedition, so soon as health & ability of body shall admit, & the Friends where they are, are Desired to advise, and assist them in such return after which neither Meeting is obliged to continue their care and charge in case they refuse.

But if they be such as are not Friends, or are disorderly Persons pretending to Profess Truth, then neither Friends from whence they came, nor Friends to whom they do come, are to be under any obligation to maintain such Recepititous Persons. Yet not to restrain the Charity of any Particular Friend or Friends from affording Present Relief to any Recepititous Person.

1714

The agreement of the Yearly Meeting 1710 for the Settlement of the Poor, with the Amendment of the fourth Article the next year, is now agreed to be continued.

1718

Poor

1718
the poor
in our
Family &
not to be
turned
off

The advise of 1709 repeated & with respect to the poor Among Us, it ought to be Considered, That the Poor both Parents & Children, are of our Family, & ought not to be turned off to any others to be either Supported or Educated, and at the same may think the Poor a Burthen, yet Remember, where Our Poor are well Provided for, & Walk Orderly, they are an Ornament to Our Society: And the Rich should Consider, It is more blessed to give than to receive, & he who gives to the Poor, Lends to the Lord, who will repay again.

1720
no beggar
to be among
us -

none to be
sent to the
Parish

1720
As Mercy Compassion & Charity are eminently required in this New Covenant Dispensation we are under, to care of the Poor & Indigent among Us, to see there be no Beggar in Our Israel, is the Concurrent advise of this Meeting; That all Poor Friends among Us may be taken due care of, & none of them sent to the Parish to be relieved; That nothing be wanting for their necessary Supply, which has been according to our Ancient Practice & Testimony, & it has long been of good Report, That we have not only maintained our own Poor, but also contributed Our share to the Poor of the Respective Parishes wherein we Dwell.

See Question, page, 210

1723

1723
A Question being Proposed about the Settlement of Friends before that made in 1710,

This Meeting Concludes that all ^{that} were not denied Are to be esteemed Members of the Several Monthly Meetings in whose Company they then Resided, and it is the Sense of this Meeting, that it was not intended by the Minute of 1710, to affect the Settlement of Friends before that time.

1724

POOR

1724

An Explanation of the Settlement of the Poor
Agreed to at the Yearly Meeting in 1724, But not to break
or Interfere with any particular agreement of the
Monthly Meetings of London among themselves,
is as follows, vizt. That if any Friend or Friends
for the future should incline to remove him her
or themselves & Families from the Limits & compass
of one Monthly or Quarterly Meeting to another, that
before they remove, they request a certificate
for such their Removal.

When any Friend or Friends having a certificate
of his her or their good Behaviour, as above, shall
bring such Certificate to any Meeting to which it may
be directed, & the Meeting accept or receive their collec-
tion or put the said Friend or Friends into any ser-
vice of the Church, in the compass of the Meeting they
remove into, such receiving their collection or employ-
ment, shall or may well be deemed a settlement within
the compass of such Meeting: And also such Friend
or Friends may not be of ability to contribute to the
collection for the poor, or the services of the Monthly mee-
ting yet such Friend or Friends behaving him her or
themselves according to truth, & no way chargeable to
the said Meeting, for the space of three years, may then
also be well deemed to belong to the Meeting within the
compass of which they shall so three years inhabit.

Servants
to have
certificate

Servent Men & Women, bringing a certificate as
aforesaid, being hired one year, & serving the same
faithfully, after such year's service, shall & may be
well deemed to belong to such Monthly Meeting with-
in the compass whereof they so served.

Notwithstanding the several Minutes of Settlement
in Relation to the Poor, there hath risen some Dispute
among Friends concerning the same, We think
it necessary to add, That if any Friend or
Friends do for the future,

Remove

POOR

1724

Remove from one Monthly Meeting to another, to
settle there, that then the Monthly Meeting to which
such are removed, shall as soon as possible enquire of
the Friend or Friends so removed for a certificate;
& for want thereof that then the Monthly Meeting where
such friend or friends are so residing, shall write
to the Monthly Meeting from whence they came, to request
a certificate in behalf of such Friend or Friends: But
if the Monthly Meeting where such are then residing
do neglect to write to the Monthly Meeting from whence
they came for such a certificate, for the space of three years
after such residence among them, that then it shall be
deemed a settlement to such Friend or Friends in such
Monthly Meeting they have for three years so resided,
unless such Person or Persons were insolvent or denied
before their removal. —

We think the Minute in the Year 1711, may stand
with the following alterations, vizt. that the word
Poor, in the first line be left out; & that the whole instead
of the half charges be reimbursed according to the Direc-
tions of the said minute.

1729

1729
Rules & Directions relating to removals
and settlements among Friends agreed upon
by the Yearly Meeting held in London, in the
Third Month 1729. —

First. If any Friend or Friends for the time to come
should incline to remove him her or themselves and
Families, from the Limits & compass of one Quarterly or
Monthly Meeting to another, before they unsettle themselves,
they apply to such Meeting to which they belong for advice &
counsel therein; of which if the said meeting to which they
apply do approve, they give a certificate signifying
such meetings consent to their removal.

Secondly

POOR

1729 Secondly. When any Friend or Friends having a certificate of his her or their good Behaviour, and shall bring such Certificate to any monthly Meeting to which it may be Directed, & the Meeting accept & receive their Collection, or put the said Friend or Friends into any service of the Church in the compass of the Meeting they remove into; such receiving their collection or Employment, shall or may be Deemed a Settlement within the compass of such Meeting: & altho' such Friend or Friends may not be of Ability to contribute to the Collection for the Poor or the Service of the Monthly Meeting, yet such Friend or Friends behaving him her or themselves Orderly in Conversation, & no ways chargable to the said Meeting for the space of three years after the Delivery of their Certificate or advice thereof from the Meeting from whence he she or they came, may then also be Deemed to belong to the Meeting within the compass of which they shall so three years Inhabit.

³ Servants Thirdly. Servant Men & Women bringing a Certificate as aforesaid, being hired one year & honestly serving the same in one Family, after such years Service shall & may be Deemed to belong to the Meeting within the compass whereof their Master or Mistress shall be proper Members.

⁴ Fourthly. That the two Weeks Monthly or Quarterly Meeting giving a Certificate to any Person or Persons, shall speedily write to the Meeting, to which the said Certificate is Directed, giving notice thereof, & if they omit writing, & the Person do not Deliver his or her Certificate then the Person removing shall still belong to the Meeting from whence he or she came. But if either the Meeting give Notice, or the Person Deliver his or her Certificate then the Person Inhabiting three years as before, shall be Deemed a Member of the Meeting into which he or she is come.

^{5th}

POOR

1729 ^{5th} Fifthly. If any Professing Truth shall contrary to former advice Remove without a Certificate, & fall into Want, & apply to any Friend for Assistance, then the Friend to whom they apply may write to the Meeting to which the Distressed shall say he she or they did belong & acquaint that Meeting of such a Recipitous Person or Persons, to know how such Person or Persons Did stand in the Unity of Friends, & if such recipitous Person or Persons have not been Denied, but owned before they became thus chargable, that then the Meeting from whence they came, & to which they did belong shall reimburse the charges they have been or may be at on their account: & if the Meeting from whence such Recipitous Person or Persons did come shall desire them to return, which they are then desired to do with all expedition, as soon as Health & Ability of Body will admit, & the Friends where they are, are Desired to advise & assist them in such Return; But if such Person shall refuse to return according to such advise, after the space of three Months, neither Meeting is Obliged to continue their care and Charge: Yet this is not Intended to restrain the Charity of any Particular Friend or Friends from affording Present Relief to any Recipitous Person.

Sixtly. But if any Friend or Friends remove without a Certificate it is Desired that the Monthly Meeting from whence they came, should make Enquiry, & get Information wherto they are Removed, & write to such Quarterly, Monthly, or Two Weeks Meeting, giving account of their Behaviour & Circumstances, & if such Friend or Friends shall Continue for the space of three years after such account received, within the compass of the Monthly Meeting wherto he, she or they are Removed, Behaving during that time Orderly, & no way chargable, nor become insolvent, may then also be deemed to belong to the meeting

- 1729 Meeting within the compass of which they shall so three Inhabit, Provided they were neither Disowned nor Insolvent before they removed.
- 7th Sevently, That nothing herein contained shall Interfere with any Particular agreement among the Monthly Meetings in London respecting their Poor.
- 8th Eightly, that every Quarterly or Monthly Meeting Communicate this Agreement to the Particular Meetings, in Order to its being Publickly Read at the Close of Meetings for Worship, within three months, or as often as they may see a Service in it, that none may plead Ignorance.

*to be
Liberal to
the poor in
times of
scarcity
Sickness*

We find Ourselves at this time Engaged to request, That Friends in any part of this Kingdom, or other Places, where Provisions & the Necessaries of Life are dear and scarce, Or Sickness doth Remarkably Afflict, would in proportion to such Scarcity or affliction Exert their Charitable Assistance to the Poor, which is our Christian Duty, as Stewards of the many Mercies wherewith the Lord has entrusted Us.

- 1733 1733 Wheras Different Sentiments have been in the Minds of Divers Friends with respect to the Minute of 1725, Relating to Settlements, A Question was put, What is meant by the word Residence? It was Thereupon Resolved in this Meeting, That the same shall be taken in the most Extensive Sense of the Word, as with to all Cases or Persons Habituting in any Place before the Year 1710, not being then Disowned by Friends.

1735

See Questions, page, 272

1737

See Removals & Settlements, pa; 287 to 291

- 1741 It is the Sense of this Meeting, That all monthly Meetings Ought to take care of, and sufficiently support all Poor Friends within the Limits of each Monthly Meeting, according to our Present Rule: and if such Monthly Meeting is Overcharged, — that then the Quarterly Meeting shall, on application made, give them such Relief as may be necessary.

Preachers

N^o 32 Concerning Preachers.

1689
Caution
against
such as go
up & down
Preaching
who are out
of Unity

1689 A Concern coming upon Friends of this mee-
ting Concerning Several Persons both Men & Women
who goe gambling idly up and down the Country un-
der pretence of Preaching Truth, who are out of the Unity
of Friends in their own Country, whose Conversations
and Examples are not Savory as becomes the Truth:
Friends in the several Counties should beware of
Such, and give no Encouragement nor Countenance
to them, but warn them to return & settle in their Places
and honest Employments, & seek Unity with their
Own Meetings. 1695

1695

This Meeting Desires and hopes that you whom
the Lord hath Gifted with a Publick Testimony for His
Name and Truth will in this Day of Liberty be Deli-
gent to Visit the Heritage of God in their Meetings,
and most Especially those least frequented.

1698
Preachers
who are
out of some
to be Admoni-
shed & persist-
ing therein
certified
against

1698 Where Friends in any County are really dis-
satisfied or Burthened with any that take upon
them to Preach among them Let them first be duly admo-
nished in their own County with the Assistance of the
Faithful approved Ministers & Elders of the same mu-
ting & County, or adjacent County or Counties if need
be; And if afterwards they will persist to Impose up-
on & Burthen Friends then to be Publickly Testified
against where they so Impose.

If any such after due Admonition will Travel a
Broad to minister out of Unity with Friends of their
Own County, the Friends of those other Counties where
they Travel should have due notice of them from
Friends who have had them under Admonition

1699

Preachers

1699

This Meeting recommends to the several Month-
ly and Quarterly Meetings in the several Counties
to be in unity with their own Meetings
that they take care to advise, that those Friends that
go forth with a Publick Testimony may be such that
are well approved at home by their own respective
Monthly or Quarterly Meetings, & are sound in Doc-
trine, and of Good Conversation, and in Unity
with their own Meetings.

And if any Faithful Friends, or Meetings, be
burthened with the Contrary, Let them tenderly clear
their Consciences privately to the Parties concerned,
giving them Gospel Order; and if they dont answer
it, nor receive due Admonition, that the Meeting to
which they belong may be acquainted therewith.
And the Second days Morning Meeting is desired to
this on this Meetings behalfe, to the several Monthly
& Quarterly Meetings, with the Copy of the Minute
made relating to this Matter last year.

1702

Agreed, that Friends in the several Counties
should be cautioned not to receive any as Preachers
among them, that are denied by Friends or Testified
against by the Monthly Meeting to which they
Did belong. 1713

1713

There being Several Omissions concerning
Publick Friends Deceased, in the Accounts brought
up. It is Desired, that care be taken to send up to
this Meeting, the time of their Decease, & of their
Conversations, Labours & Services in the Work
of Truth. 1716

1716

See Meetings for Worship page, 186

1720

1699
to be
cautious not
be imposed
upon

And
ministers
who travel
to have
Certificates

Meetings to
watch over
young minis-
ters & advise
them

1720

Friends, in the Respective Counties & Meetings
are Earnestly Desired & advised, That they Use pru-
dence and Caution, so as not to be Imposed upon by
Impostors or Cheats, pretending to the Ministry or
Otherwise, & where there is Doubt or Question of the
Ministry of any Persons in that Case, that such be call-
ed upon to shew what Certificate they have. And in
General it is tenderly Recommended to the monthly &
Quarterly Meetings, to see that Friends who Travel as
in the Work of the Ministry do go in the Unity of the
Meetings to which they belong & with Certificates
therefrom.

And farther, that it may become the
tender care of the said several Meetings to watch
over such as may be young in the Ministry, to see
to it that they walk humbly and wisely, that a son
the One hand nothing truly tending to the Glory of
God, and the Edification of his Church and People
may be Discouraged, So on the Other hand, where any
thing appears which may make advice necessary,
That the Elders of the Church both Ministers & others,
do in the wisdom of God give their Advice thereupon,
with due regard to the state of weakness & childhood
that such may be Under.

1723
to avoid
publick
opposition
to minister
not disowned
see Meetingop
for worship
1716 pg 186

1723

This Meeting taking under their serious consider-
ation, the beauty & credit of keeping Decency & good
Order in our Meetings for Worship, advise Friends
every where to avoid Publick Opposition to a Minis-
ter not Disowned by the Monthly or Quarterly Meeting
to which he or she shall belong, by keeping on hats or
making any other appearance or distinction of Differ-
ence, But if any Person pretending to be a Minister
Shall give cause,

of

Preachers

1720

Preachers

1723 of Uneasiness or Dissatisfaction to Friends in giving ^{Cause of} Doctrine Behaviour or Conversation the Person so Offending to be Dealt with privately in a gospel Spirit & Way, and if that Shall not take Effect then that Complaint be made of such Person to the Monthly Meeting to which he or she shall belong, and that proceedings thereupon be accordingly had, and the affair settled with all Possible Speed & Expedition.

<sup>see 1698
pa, 251</sup>

1727

See Morning Meeting of Ministers, page, 195

1728

<sup>Caution
against
indecent
Postures
& Gestures
&c
to be fully
Satisfied
before they
Grant
Certificates</sup>

We Earnestly Desire, that a tender & prudent care be on all Monthly & Quarterly Meetings, pursuant to the advice of last Meeting, to advise & caution as they seeme fit, and particularly against all Indecent postures & Gestures, unintelligible tones and sounds, Misquotations & Misapplications of Scripture, which renders such a Ministry Contemptible. And that they do not Grant Certificates to Ministers to Travel abroad to visit the Churches, until they have full Satisfaction of their Qualifications for so great a Work, & are of Orderly Conversations being well approved at home.

See Scriptures, page, 316

1730

Friends are Desired to call on Strangers who Travel in the Ministry for Certificates, whereby in all Places to prevent being Imposed upon, as far as may be.

See Meetings for Discipline, pa, 171

1731

Preachers

1731

1733 An Epistle of Advice to ministering Friends that Travel &c.

Dear and well Beloved Friends,

The spirit of God being The Foundation of all true Knowledg and Experience both in Ministers and hearers, We Earnestly Exhort, That all would Diligently wait upon and mind it, Ministers in their Publick Services Especially ought always to attend closely to their several and pecular Gifts, & Minister the Word Faithfully as it is Manifested & Revealed to them, observing a Decent & modest Behaviour in the Exercise of their Ministry, & avoid Entangling themselves with the Affairs of this Life, that they may the better answer the holy warfare in which they are Engaged. And let the hearers be watchful over their own spirits, & not forwardly Judge or Censure the Testimonies which may be Offered amongst them; for if they be not very careful & Diligent in attending upon the Lord in meetings they are liable to mistake in the Judgment they may pass on the Ministry. Now this being as we apprehend a matter of great Moment for the Preservation of concord in the Churches, and knowing the danger & ill Consequences which attend an hasty & censorious judging of the Ministry, We thought it very necessary to Caution the Members of the Monthly & Quarterly Meetings, not to let their own spirits sway them; But Let the Spirit of God rule & reign in the hearts of Friends, for that will preserve all in sweetnes & tendernes One towards Another, the due Observation of this, We Judge, will be a great help to Ministers in the Discharge of their Duty and Service to which they are Called.

And

Preachers

1731

And We Earnestly Request, That the Elders in Monthly & Quarterly Meetings Would be ready to Inform the weak, when suitable Opportunities present, that both Ministers & hearers pursuing one & the same End, namely the Glory of God, & the good & welfare one of another, the Church may be Edified Increase & Flourish to the Consolation of the Faithful. On the other hand We advise, that Ministers have it very much at heart to Maintain a perfect Harmony & good Understanding with the Monthly Meetings to which they belong; & that as the said Meetings may sometimes find themselves concerned to advise them respecting their Conduct in meetings or otherwise that they shew themselves ready to hear & receive advice, as well as Teach & Instruct.

I ready to receive advice

And Dear Friends We further tenderly Advise all Monthly Meetings to take great care to whom they give Certificates when they Travel, to prevent the uneasiness which sometimes falls on the Churches from a weak and unskillful Ministry; And Let the Elders where they see Occasion advise Ministers to be very prudent in their Conduct, not as Busy body's nor mockers with Family or Personal Affairs in which they are not concerned or required to be avising; and that they be very tender of one another's Reputation & that of Friends among whom they Travel, neither giving ear to, nor Spreading reports apt to raise in the minds of others a lessening or Disesteem of any of the Brotherhood, And as soon as their Service in the Ministry is over, That they return to their Habitations, and there take a reasonable and prudential care of their own Business, Household & Family.

monthly meetings to be careful in giving certificates

1736

Preachers

257

1736

And as the Lord in mercy is breathing a fresh on several of Our Youth of both sexes, and fitting them for His Service, We Recommend it to the Elders in every Meeting that they tenderly watch over all young Ministers, and advise & help them, as they in the Wisdom of Truth may be Opened thereto. Nourishing that which is right, & comes forth in the Favour of life, and Discouraging every thing that is Indecent or unbecoming the Ministry.

1737

If any Friend who has been a Publick Minister among you, shall be guilty of such Practises as may justly Deserve your Publick Censure, & shall be Publickly Censured or Disowned by you, and afterwards upon tokens of Repentance may be again admitted into Membership; We do think meet to advise you, That such admission be not interpreted to give him or her the Liberty the Liberty of appearing as a Publick Minister, until the Monthly Meeting he or she belongs to shall Judge the scandal given by such Person so far removed, as such Publick appearance may not minister occasion of reproach either from Friends or others; & in case any shall shew themselves too forward in so appearing, the Meeting to which they belong are Desired to give them such advice as they shall see suitable to their Circumstances.

1738

When We consider that it was the Power of the Lord which first Gathered Us to be a People, & Enabled Our Ancients to bear a faithful Testimony to His Name, We cannot but Exhort you time after time to wait for a renewed Enjoyment of the Power of Truth upon your Hearts, that thereby you may be Encouraged to Come up in your respective Services, & in a conscientious

Suffering

1738 Suffering for the Christian Testimony you are concerned to bear: Our blessed Lord just before his Ascension commanded his Disciples & Followers to wait at Jerusalem till they were endued with Power from on high knowing their inability without the sensible feeling of that Power to speak in his name for the conversion of the Nations; 'twas this Power that enabled them to speak boldly in the name of Jesus; This alone made them able Ministers of Christ, whose Preaching was not with enticing words of mans Wisdom, but in the Demonstration of the Spirits Power. And seeing many of us have experienced much spiritual consolation by waiting in silence, & humbly depending upon the Lord alone, We exhort Friends to be very careful to observe the hours appointed for religious Worship and that when together, They labour to feel their minds abstracted from visible Objects into a true stillness and nothingness of self; wherein the true Teachings of the holy Spirit are witnessed by humble & contrite souls: in such a waiting State you will have a true relish & savour of the Ministry of those who are rightly concerned by the same Spirit to labour in word & doctrine among you.

1740 Testimony concerning Publick Friends deceased to be recorded, — see records, page 281.

1743 And Dear Friends we farther desire and tenderly advise, as heretofore,^{*} That the Quarterly and Monthly Meetings would appoint some Elder Friends sound in the Faith, and of good discerning, to be advising and assisting to those who may be concerned to minister among us, and in love to caution them respecting such mistakes, either in judgment or expression as through human frailty even good men may sometimes be incident to.

* see
1727 p. 254
1731 p. 255
1736 p. 256

1743
Accounts
of Publick
Friends
Deceased.

And that in sending up to this Meeting the accounts of Publick Friends Deceased, care be taken where no particular Testimony concerning them is given, that nevertheless the age, place of abode, time of death, & place of burial, as also how long they had been Ministers, be expressly mentioned. 1745

1745
Disorderly
persons who
travel up &
down
preaching
without
certificates
to be stopped

Whereas it appears unto this Meeting that some Persons who are not in Unity with their Monthly Meetings where they dwell, do travel up & down without Certificate or recommendation, Imposing themselves as Preachers among Friends, to the Exercise & Trouble of the Churches where they come; We do desire, that all such Friends as travel in the Work of the Ministry with the Unity & approbation of their respective Meetings, Will be strictly careful not to countenance or sojourn with any such Imposers, but rather to advise against such disorderly practise, and endeavour to persuade them to return to their callings & habitations: and Friends of the several Monthly or other Meetings, where such disorderly Persons may come are desired to enquire of them for their certificates; by the want of which they may be able to discover, that their traveling abroad is not with the approbation of Friends where they dwell, & who consequently are the proper judges of their call to, & qualifications for the work of the Ministry to which they pretend.

And we do in much love caution those Friends who are rightly concerned in the work of the Ministry, to watch over their own spirits, and not to be over hasty rash or censorious in passing Judgment respecting the state of those who hear them; but to manifest that in the exercise of their Ministry, they are led by the Love of God,

and

And

1745 And that their principal aim is, that they may be instrumental to administer spiritual consolation and strength to the Churches where they come.

And farther we earnestly exhort that none would offer to impose themselves as preachers in any Meetings of Friends, who are not themselves found faithful against the payment of Tithes, and in Observing the other Branches of our Ancient Christian Testimony.

1772

At a yearly Meeting of Friends held at Newport
on Rhode Island in June 1772.

The following is adopted as a rule of our Society, That when Publick Friends have it on their minds to travel out of the Verge of the Quarterly Meeting they belong to, that they acquaint the Elders of their Respective meetings with their concern, for their advice before they move it to the preparative meeting in order for a Certificate from the Monthly Meeting and also when they have it on their minds to travel out of the Verge of the yearly meeting that they proceed in like manner and take a certificate from the Quarterly meeting they belong to concurring with the monthly meeting therein.

Prisoners

N^o 33 Concerning Prisoners.

1676

See Records, page, - 277.

1681

Advised that an Account be yearly sent up of all such Friends as are in Prison or Prisoners, that we may know who are detained Prisoners, and who are Discharged, also to signe the time of their Commitment, by whom prosecuted, & for what cause. And that distinct Accounts be brought up of all such Friends as have died in Prison or Prisoners for their Testimony to the Truth, since the foregoing yearly Meeting, with their Names, Ages, Dwelling places, Education, Callings, Time of Convincement, and the places of their Travel and Service, and time of sufferings and Death.

1682

See Questions, page, - 269
and Records, page, - 278

1696

See Questions, pages - 272

1700

See Records, page, - 289

QUESTIONS

1742

Queries altered

New Queries

Altered
See p. 273

1742

The Committee appointed to consider the Queries instead of the former Queries have drawn up the following; which were here several times read duly considered & agreed to. And tis agreed by this Meeting, that the several Counties send up their Answers to the said Queries to this Meeting separate from their Accounts of sufferings which for the future are agreed to be taken in immediate after the accounts of sufferings are entered.

1. What Present Prisoners?
2. How many Discharged since last year, when & how?
3. How many Died Prisoners?
4. How many Meeting houses Built? and what Meetings new Settled?
5. How many publick Friends Died & when?
6. What is the state of your meeting? Is there any Growth in the Truth? & doth any Convincement appear since last year? & is Love and Unity preserved amongst you?
7. Is it your care by Example & precept to train up your Children in all Godly Conversation, & in the frequent reading the holy Scriptures as also in plainness of speech, Behaviour & Apparel?
8. Do you bear a faithful & Christian Testimony against the Receiving or paying Tithes? and against bearing of Arms? And do you admonish such as are unfaithful therein?
9. Do you stand clear in our Testimony against Defrauding the King of his customs Duties or Excise; or in Dealing in Goods suspected to be un?
10. How are the Poor among you provided for? and what Care is taken for the Education of their Offspring?

1742

8th
Query
altered

1744

11th. Do you keep a Record in your Monthly and Quarterly Meetings, of the Prosecutions and Sufferings of your respective Members? and have you a Record of your Meeting houses & Burial Grounds?

12 It is Agreed by this Meeting, that the Eighth Query be altered and emended as followeth viz:

Do you bear a faithful & Christian Testimony against the receiving or paying Tithes, Priests demands, and those called Church Rates? Bearing Arms, and paying Trophy Money? And do you admonish such as are unfaithful therein?

1760

At the yearly Meeting held in Newport on Rhode Island it was agreed and concluded that the following Queries should be here added.

1. Are all Meetings for Religious Worship and Discipline duly attended, the hour Observed, and are Friends preserved from Sleeping or any other Indecent Behaviour therein particularly Chewing Tobacco or taking Snuff?
2. Is Love & Unity maintained among you as becomes Brethren, are Tale bearing, Backbiting, & evil reports Discouraged & when Differences arise, are Endeavors speedily used to end them?
3. Are Parents of children careful to bring them up in plainness of speech, Behaviour, & Apparel and in the frequent reading the holy Scriptures to restrain them from reading pernicious Books & the corrupt conversation of the world?

QUESTIONS

1760

4. Are Friends careful to avoid the frequent use of Spirituous Liquors, the unnecessary Frequenting of Taverns & places of Publick resort, & in all their conversation walk as becomes the Professors of the Blessed Truth, in true Moderation & Temperance on the Account of Births, Marriages, & Burials and all other Occasions?
5. Are Poor Friends necessities duly Inspected they Relieved, or assisted in such Business as they are capable of, Do their Children freely partake of Learning to fit them for Business, & are they and other Friends Children placed among Friends?
6. Do no young or unmarried persons make proposals of marriage with each other, without Consent of Parents & Relations concerned, nor keep Company with those of other Societies on that account?
7. Do no Widowers or Widows make or Admit of proposals of Marriage too early after the Decease of former Husband or Wife, & are not the rights of Children by former Marriages Neglected?
8. Do you maintain a Faithful Testimony against the Payment of Priests Wages, Bearing of Arms, Training or military Service, & against Depriving the King of his Duties, or buying or vending of Goods suspected to be Run?
9. Are Friends careful to make their Wills & settle their outward Estates whilst in Health, and take Friends advice therein when necessary, and are Publick Gifts or Legacies applied to the uses intended by the Doners?
10. Are Friends clear of Importing Negroes or buying them when Imported & use those well where they are possessed by Inheritance or otherwise Endeavouring to train them up in the Principles of Religion?
11. Are Friends careful to live within in the bounds of their Circumstances, & to avoid launching into Trade & Business beyond their ability to manage & thereby break their Promises, & neglect the payment of their Just Debts, & are such as give reasonable grounds of Fear on those Accounts timely laboured with for their Recovery?

Entered
Soc/p. 275

1760

12. Are there any belonging to this Meeting removed without a Certificate Or are there any come from other places appearing as Friends who have not produced Certificates?
13. Are you concerned regularly to deal with all Offenders in the spirit of Meekness & Wisdom, without Partiality Or unnecessary Delay and where any captive Obstinate to place Judgment upon them in the Authority of Truth?

And it is further recommended that all contention and Personal Reflection and Striving be kept out of Our Meetings, That all Friends be careful to keep out of heats and passions & Doubtful Disputations and that we suffer no turbulent contentious persons amongst us, in Ordering or Managing the Affairs of Truth, But that the same be managed in the Peaceable spirit and Wisdom of Jesus with Decency forbearance and love to each other.

1770

14. At the yearly Meeting held in Newport on Rhode Island This Meeting having been under a weighty concern on account of Inslaving our fellow creatures, Have concert'd a Conclusion to make an alteration in our so ^{the} Laws, and substitute what followeth in the room thereof (viz) Are Friends clear of Importing Buying or any way Disposing of Negroes as slaves, And do they use those well that are under their care not in Circumstances through no age or incapacity to be set at Liberty, and do they ^{not} those that are young such an Education as becomes a Christian, and are the others Encouraged in a Religious and Virtuous Life, and are all set at Liberty that are of age, capacity & ability suitable for Freedom

Records

No^d 35th Concerning Records.

1673

See Discipline, page 99.

1675

1676
what matter
is to be
Recorded

Agreed, that Friends of the Monthly & Quarterly Meetings of each County be reminded to keep an exact account among themselves—

- 1st. Of those that first brought the message of Glad tidings among them.
- 2nd. Of the sufferings of those First Messengers, whether at Steeple houses Market places or otherwise.
- 3rd. What friends first Received them, & their Message.
- 4th. Of the Names, Travels, Faithfulness, & unblamable Conversations of all the Publick Labourers that are Deceased.
- 5th. What Judgments fell upon Persecutors.
- 6th. Where the hearts of any such Enemies have been turned to God, Let them and their Conversion be Recorded.
- 7th. What Priests and others have written Books against Friends, and who have answered them.
- 8th. Who have suffered Loss of Goods or sustained Imprisonment, with the cause, Time & Manner of such sufferings with the Names of their Persecutors.
- 9th. Who have Died in Prison on Truths Account, and for what Branch of our Testimony: & that Tithes taken away by force be Recorded as a Suffering for Truth.
- 10th. Of Signal Living Testimonies of Dying Friends.
- 11th. Of the Names of Persecutors, & the names of witnesses to the Facts, whether Friends or Neighbours.
- 12th. If any have Apostatized That their sufferings whilst Owing the Truth be notwithstanding Recorded, & their Apostacies Signified.

13th

Records

1676 13th Of the Return of any Backliders or Oppos-
tates and the Judgments befallen any of them.

And that in sending the Accounts of these
Matters, and of sufferings, up to London, care be
taken to begin where they left off last, & not to
send the same twice over nor confusedly.

1678

That care for the future be taken to keep a par-
ticular book to Enter Sufferings in each Monthly
Meeting; and that by the Monthly Meetings an account
be kept of the sufferings be sent to the Quarterly Meetings; And
that the Quarterly Meetings transmit the accounts
to the Quarterly Meeting, that nothing be lost
in their cases of sufferings for our Testimony.—
See Tithes, page, 365.

1680 It is the Desire of this Meeting that every Quar-
terly Meeting enter such papers as they have had from
this or such like Meetings in their respective Quarterly
Meeting Books, the better to secure them from being lost.

1681 See Prisoners, page, — 265

1682 Agreed that Epistolatory Letters read in this
Yearly Meeting be Entered in a Book, and that the
Letters themselves be kept by the Clerk.

Draw up the Sufferings fair in a book, and
not too close; All Tithes by themselves, so for swearing,
so for Conventicle Acts; so for Twenty Pounds a month,
each by themselves. Then take the Number of all that
remain in Prison, both Old and New & the Number
of them that Died in Prison, & so keep a number of
them all along that are put into Prison, & that go out
of Prison; & keep a yearly Number who goes in, and
who goes out; and bring them up yearly to
the Yearly Meeting.

*Method
for keeping
the records*

Records

1689

1689 The abstract of Friends Sufferings from sever-
al Counties being Considered, the Meeting thinks
it most convenient to have the abstracts made from
the Records out of those sufferings that came up to the
Yearly Meeting, and which are recorded here; so that
the Meeting does not encourage the making abstracts in
the Counties lest they should lessen Friends sufferings.
And when an History is taken & Published, it should
be impartially done; and Accounts of the Steps put to
Persecutions, & of Return of Goods; and Discharge of
Prisoners, that have been procured by the solicitations
of Friends to the Powers whose hearts the Lord
Inclined to favour them.

1691

It is Desired, that Friends keep the yearly meet-
ing papers together in a Book in each Monthly
and Quarterly Meeting.

1693

1693 It is Desired, That Friends at all their Monthly &
Quarterly Meetings be reminded to call for the records
of the sufferings of Friends, to see that they be duly ga-
thered Entered & kept accordingly sent up, as hath
been advised, both of what Tithes &c are pretended to
be due, & for how long a time, & the time when taken
and by & for whom, & what goods are taken, & the va-
lue thereof, as well of those not exceeding as those ex-
ceeding the sums or quantities demanded, it being
a suffering in both for Truths sake, they being in those
particulars found defective & Imperfect in divers
Counties, which is an obstruction to the General Re-
cord of friends Sufferings, & therefore the Monthly
& Quarterly Meetings are desired to take more care
for the future, That all Friends Sufferings for Truths
sake may be brought as full & compleat in all respects
as possibly may be.

1694

Records

1694

Advised that when Friends send up their Yearly Accounts of Sufferings for Tithes &c as near as can be, they give account therewith how much is taken in value, & how much it exceeds the pretended value, & by and for whom.—

Advised to remember to keep a true record of Manifest Judgments upon Persecutors, & send up an account thereof with the Sufferings Yearly, that the Just Judgments of God in pleading the cause of the Innocent Sufferers, by signally punishing their Persecutors, may be taken notice of as a warning to posterity, as the heavy judgments and fearful ends of Wicked Persecutors are recorded in holy Scriptures and Books of Martyrs &c.

1695

Advised to send up with the Sufferings true Copy's of Warrants, Writs or processes of Commitment attested by the Taylors.

1698

See Tithes, page — 368.

1700

Advised that Friends keep exact & true accounts of all their Sufferings for Conscience sake, both by distresses Sequestrations & Imprisonments that we may be capable to give a true account thereof to the Government when necessity requires.— And to give speedy Accounts when Friends are Discharged from Imprisonments, &c and by what means.

1705

It is tenderly advised, That Friends be careful to stand faithful in their Ancient Testimony, and keep Exact Accounts of their Sufferings;— And when any sufferings require speedy care for Redress, & are written off to London, tis desired

the

Records

1705 the Case may be truly & fully stated, dated and Subscribed by the Sufferer & as often as can be attested by some known Friends.

1737

See Questions, page, 272

1740

This Meeting being informed that there is a great deficiency in Entering into a proper Book, the Testimonies which are given forth by Monthly Meetings concerning Publick Friends Deceased, Therefore Order a Book to be got for that purpose, and the Testimonies to be Entered as they are brought up.

And that the Several Quarterly & Monthly Meetings from whence they come be particularly careful to Enter the same in their Book of Records, before the said Testimonies are sent up.

1746

See Sufferings, page, 351.

Removals & Settlements 287

N^o. 36. Rules for Removals & Settlements.

1737

1st

1st That all Friends shall be Deemed Members of the Quarterly, Monthly, or Two Weeks Meeting, within the Compass of which They Inhabited or dwelt the first Day of the fourth Month 1737; Except such who are Settled Pensioners to, or have within one Year last past been Relieved by, any Other such Meeting: in that case he she or they shall be deemed a Member of the Meeting to which they are Pensioners, or by whom they have been so Relieved.

2^d That if any Friend or Friends shall remove him her or themselves & Family from the Limits or Compass of one Quarterly, Monthly, or Two Weeks Meeting into Another, they shall apply to the Meeting to which they belong for a Certificate, or other usual Recommendation, to the Meeting they are Removed, or purpose to remove into which being obtained & Delivered to that Meeting such Friend or Friends shall from thence forward be deemed a member or Members of the Meeting they so remove into. Provided they were not Insolvent, or had been Relieved by the Meeting Recommending, or some other Meeting on their behalf, within the Term of three Years preceding the Delivery of such Certificate.

But if any Friend or Friends who has Delivered a Certificate, or been otherwise Recommended, shall fall into Receptious Circumstances, & shall ask & receive any Relief within the above Limited time of three years not having Contributed to, or been Employed in any Service of the Church by the Meeting they were Recommended to; Such Friend or Friends shall then Continue to belong to the Meeting from whence they were Recommended,

yet

Removals & Settlements

1737

Get the Meeting within the Compass of which he she or they Reside, Shall assist & Relieve him her or them, and give notice thereof to the Meeting which Recommended him her or them; & upon that Meeting's Receiving such notice, They shall Immediately take the necessary care of him her or them, & repay the Charge the Meeting to which they were Recommended has been at on his or their Account.

² 3^d. That no Friend or Friends Apprentices and other Servants excepted, Shall gain a Settlement after the time above mentioned in any Meeting Unless Recommended by Certificate or other usual Recommendation, & the same duly Delivered to the Meeting they are Recommended to; Except the Meeting within the Compass of which they Reside Shall receive their Collection, or Employ them in any Service of the Church, their so doing shall Intitle such Friend or Friends to Membership with them, agreeable to the Restriction & Tenor of the Second Paragraph.

⁴ 4th. If any Friend or Friends shall fall into Want, the Monthly Meeting within the Compass of which they then Reside, shall take the necessary care to relieve them: And in Order to prevent any Inconveniences that may arise from want of knowing with certainty to what Meeting a Poor Friend or Friends properly belong, at the time they fall into want, whereby it may be rendered difficult for the Monthly Meeting which shall relieve such Necessitous Persons, to obtain repayment of the Charge. They may be at on such Accounts, It is agreed, That where any Poor Friend or Friends shall become chargeable to any Meeting where He, She, or they may Reside,

and

Removals & Settlements 289

1737

and who at the same time are not proper Members thereof, That Meeting may apply to any Meeting where such Friend or Friends have been Members; and that Meeting upon notice to them given of such necessitous Friend or Friends, shall take the needful care of them, and repay the Charge the Meeting in which they Reside hath been or shall be at. But if that Meeting shall apprehend such Necessitous Person or Persons do not belong to them, but have gained a Settlement elsewhere. They may fix them on any other Meeting where they have Gained a Settlement, & in that case such meeting shall repay them the charges they have been at.

⁵ 5th. Single Men & Women Servants being hired one year, & honestly serving the same in one Family, after such years service Shall belong to the Meeting of which their Master or Mistress Shall be members; & such Servants shall so Dwell with any who are not friends, then they shall be deemed Members of the Monthly Meeting within the Compass of which their Master or Mistress Shall Live.

⁶ 6th. Apprentices Shall gain a Settlement in that meeting within the Compass of which their Master or Mistress Dwell at the time of his or her being bound, and Living Forty Days with such Master or Mistress afterwards: And in Case an apprentice shall be turned over to another Master or Mistress, He or She shall in like manner gain a Settlement after Living with them Forty Days, in the Meeting within the Compass of which the Master or Mistress Dwell, To whom He or She, is so turned over.

⁷ 7th. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be understood to hinder the usual and necessary care of Friends in their Inquiry after Conversation and Clearenes respecting Marriage,

but

290 Removals & Settlements

1737 but certificates or other recommendation in that case shall continue to be required as heretofore hath been from such Meetings as the Friend hath belonged to. And whereas Disputes may arise about Settlements where the Man brings a certificate or recommendation from his own Monthly Meeting to another on account of Marriage, It is hereby Agreed that such Certificate or recommendation shall not be construed to make a Settlement unless his removal be expressed therein.

8. The wife & Children to be deemed Members of the Monthly Meeting of which the Husband or Father is a Member, not only during his Life, but likewise after his Decease, until they shall gain another Settlement Elsewhere.

9. Provided always, & it is hereby Agreed, that what Charge any Meeting have or may bear, for the Relief of any Friend or Friends, who were before this Settlement members of other Monthly Meetings, shall be repaid to the said Meeting by the Meeting to which they did heretofore belong; And that if any Dispute should arise about the Settlement of such Poor Friend or Friends now under Relief, such Settlement or Settlements shall be determined according to the former* rules and Directions; which are not to be made use of in any other cases.

* See under the head Poor

Lastly
which are
under head
Poor

Lastly. All Minutes, Orders & Directions heretofore made and Recommended by this Meeting Relating to Removals & Settlements of Friends, are hereby Declared Void and of no Force Except in the Cases Provided for in the Ninth Paragraph.

Removals & Settlements 291

1740

It is Agreed, that no Proposition for altering the Rules for Removals & Settlements of Friends made in 1737, shall be Received by this Meeting, Unless such Proposition shall be signed in and by Order of a Quarterly Meeting, or some other Meeting which do Directly correspond with this Meeting.

1747

See Discipline, page, 103

Representatives

No^o 37 Concerning Representatives.

1672

Advised, That One or two of each County that are concerned in the Publick Service of Truth in each respective County, do come up to this Meeting Once a Year, to be Chosen or Elected by the Quarterly Meeting of each County Respectively for that purpose. See Yearly Meeting, page, 411.

1687

Advised, That such Faithful Friends, One or two of a County be Desired to attend the Yearly Meeting, as are most capable & fit for the service thereof.

1688

That Two faithful Friends in every County may be Desired to come up, who may be Enabled to give a certain account of the Condition & sufferings of Friends in their respective Counties.

1690

That Two Faithful Understanding Friends in every County, be Desired to come up, who know the State of Friends, in their respective Counties.

1691

That Two faithful Understanding Friends in every County, who are truly approved in Universal Love, Unity & Peace among Friends from whence they come, may be Desired to come up, who may be Enabled to give a certain & clear account of the Condition & sufferings of Friends, & of Truths Prosperity in their respective Counties.

1700

Agreed, that no County send up less than Two Friends, nor more than Four be entered.

advised

Representatives

1700 Advised, that Friends bring brief & direct Answers to the Questions, drawn up at the Quarterly Meetings & brought in writing to the Yearly Meeting.

1706 See Questions, page, 272

1709 This Meeting Understanding some Friends ^{not to go out of Town before the Meeting Ends} that are representatives go out of Town before the Meeting is ended. It is now advised & agreed that for the future, no representatives go out of Town before the Meeting ends, without first acquainting the Meeting thereof, that the Service of this Meeting may not be neglected.

1714 Recommended that Friends take care that those who are desired & appointed to come up to yearly Meetings may be men fearing God, of good conversations of weighty Spirits, Prudent & sincere, and well acquainted with the Affairs of Truth at home.

1728 Advised That the Several Quarterly Meetings of the Counties & Cities do appoint at Least four friends in Order that in case a part should be Disappointed by Sickness or other Occident, there may be a sufficient Number to Answer the Service.

1730 This Meeting gives Liberty, in regard of the Large ness of the County of York, that for the future they may be allowed to enter any Number as representatives not exceeding Eight

1733 And Dear Friends our tender and brotherly Advice to your several Quarterly Meetings, is that they would be careful,

Annually

Representatives

1733 Annually to Depute such Friends to attend the Service of the Yearly Meeting, as are well acquainted with the Affairs of the Church, & diligent attenders of the Meetings for Discipline in the respective Counties & places where they dwell, and whose practise & conversation is answerable to the Testimony they profess to bear.

1743 We advise, that the several Quarterly Meetings take care to appoint for their Representatives & Correspondents, Men known to be faithful & conscientious in every Branch of our Christian Testimony.

1746 This Meeting Observing a Deficiency in divers Counties in not duly attending this Meeting, Recommends, to the Several Quarterly Meetings, The following Minutes vizt
A Minute of this Meeting in 1728. (See page 302)
& A minute of this Meeting in 1733 (See pa, 302 & 303)

1750 The advice of 1728, again Earnestly recommended,
— See Yearly Meeting, page, 419.

Salutations

No^o 38^o Concerning Salutations.

1715

See Plainness, page, 226.

1718

Advice Given against a Dedention crept
in among us, by Unbecoming Gestures, in Ringing
and Bowing the Body by way of Salutation,
which Ought not to be taught or countenanced.

Schools

N^o 39 Concerning Schools.

- 1690 See Children, page, 40.
- 1695 Advised, That Schoo, and Schoolmasters who are Faithful Friends & well Qualified, be placed & Encouraged in all Counties, Cities, Great Towns or Places, where there may be need; & that School Masters as much as may be, sometimes Correspond One with another, for their help and Improvement in such good & easie Methods as are most agreeable to the Truth, and the Childrens Advantage & Benefit; and that Care be taken that Poor Friends Children may freely partake of such Education in Order to Apprentiship.
- 1696 See Children, page, 41, 842.
- 1697 Quarterly and Monthly Meetings are Desired to take care that in all Places where Schools are set up for the teaching of Friends Children, that the Masters be Diligent to Improve & forward their Scholars in Leazning, and keep them out of everything that would corrupt good Manners.
- 1745 See Meetings for Discipline, page, 179.
- 1755 As the want of Proper Persons amongst Friends Qualified for Schoolmasters hath been the Occasion of great Damage to the Society in many Places, as where by well Disposed Friends are Deprived of Opportunity for the Education of their Children.

in

Schools

1755 in a Manner Consistent with a Religious Con-
cern for their welfare have been reciprocated
to send them to those of other Perswasions where-
by the tender minds of such children have been
in great Danger of being Leavened into the
Language Customs and Habits of the World;
from whence it is Difficult afterwards to re-
claim them. We Desire Friends would attend
to this Important Point; And in their Month-
ly Meetings Assist young Men of low Circumstan-
ces, Whose Genius & Conduct may be Suitable for
that Office; with the Means requisite to obtain the
proper Qualifications, and when so qualified, af-
ford them the Necessary Encouragement for their
Support.

Scriptures

N^o 40 Concerning the Scriptures.

1706

Advised, that Parents and Guardians of Children do acquaint them with, & bring them up in the frequent reading of the Scriptures of Truth; and also to instruct them in the great Love of God through Jesus Christ, & the Work of Salvation by Him, and of Sanctification through his Blessed Spirit.

1709

We Recommend it as an Incumbent Duty on Friends to cause their Children to be frequent in reading the holy Scriptures, & in Observing to them the Examples of such Children as in Scripture are recorded to have early Learned the Fear of God; and hearkened to his Counsel, Instructing them in the Fear & Dread of the Lord, planting Impressions upon their Spirits of Reverence towards God, from whom they have their Daily Support; shewing them they ought not to offend Him, but Love, Serve and Honour Him in whose hand all Blessings are.

1712

We exhort all Parents of Children to be very careful to Educate and train them up in the Fear of God, and knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ according to the holy Scriptures, & be good Examples to them in all things.

1720

Advised that no Friends suffer Romances, Play-books, or other vain & idle Pamphlets in their Houses, or Families, which tend to corrupt the Minds of youth; but instead thereof that they excite them to the reading of the holy Scriptures & Religious Books.

1709

1712

1720

Let

1720 Let the holy scriptures be early taught our youth & Diligently searched and seriously read by Friends with due regard to the holy spirit from whence they came, & by which they are truly opened, for they contain excellent doctrine, rules & precepts, Divine and Moral, Insomuch that there will be no need to enumerate or often to repeat Laws & Precepts like the Jews under alienal and lower dispensation and covenant than we are called into; the true practice of the pure religion given us will answer all.

1723

1728 See Children, page, — 45.

1728 Advised, That Ministers as well as elders and all others in their Preaching Writing & Conversation about the things of God, Do keep to the form of sound Words, or scripture terms, & that none pretend to be wise about what is there written, & in such pretended wisdom go about to explain the things of God in the words that mans wisdom teaches, But on the contrary, that you would at propertimes and seasons when you find your minds rightly Disposed therunto, give the youth to understand, that the same good experience of the work of sanctification through the operations of the spirit of God, which the holy scriptures plentifully bear testimony to, is to be witnessed by believers in all Generations as well as by those in the first ages of Christianity; In which case some account of your own experience will be helpful to them: And this we recommend as the most effectual means for begetting & establishing in their minds, a firm belief of the Christian doctrine in general as well as the necessity of the aid & help of the

operations

1728 Operations of the holy spirit of God in the hearts of men in particular, contained in that most excellent book the Bible; & for the preserving them from being defiled with the many pernicious notions & principles contrary to such sound doctrines, which are at this time industriously dispersed in the nation; to the reproach of the Christian Religion in General.

1729 Tis earnestly recommended to all Friends, as much as in them lies, to prevent their children & servants from reading plays, romances, & all such books as have any tendency to lead their minds from God, & draw their youthful affections to a love of the world, I desire after the vanities & evils that are therein. And also to be very careful to prevent their children & servants from reading vile and corrupt books some of which have been published of late as manifestly tend to oppose & reject the divine authority of the holy scriptures, & to introduce Deism, Atheism, & all manner of infidelity and corruption both in principle & practice.

1730

We did last year, and do now again earnestly recommend and beseech all Friends to admonish and exhort the youth under their care, not to read but refrain all such books as tend to make void the divine authority of the holy scriptures, and to promote prophaneness and infidelity in the earth.

1731

Scriptures

1731

Tis recommended to all heads of Families that they do Frequently call their Children & Servants together, & in a Solemn Religious way cause them to read the holy Scriptures; & in so doing that they humbly wait upon God with their Families for Instruction & Counsel to them Respecting Christian Faith & Practise.

See Children, page, 46. & 47

1732

We tenderly & Earnestly Advise & Exhort all Parents and Masters of Families, that they exert themselves in the Wisdom of God, & in the Strength of his Love to Instruct their Children & Families in the Doctrine & Precepts of the Christian Religion contained in the holy Scriptures; & that they excite them to a diligent reading of those sacred Writings, which plainly set forth the miraculous Conception Birth, Holy Life, Wonderful Works, Blessed Example, Meritorious Death, & Glorious Resurrection, Atonement & Mediation, of Our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, And to Educate their Children in the Belief of those Important Truths, as well as in the Belief of the inward Manifestation & operation of the Spirit of God on their own minds, that they may reap the Benefit & Advantage thereof for their own Peace & Everlasting Happiness, which is infinitely preferable to all other Considerations. We therefore Exhort in the most earnest manner that all be very careful in this respect, a neglect herein being incur Judgment, very Blame worthy; & further where any Deficiency of this appears, We recommend to Monthly & Quarterly Meetings that they stir up those whom it may concern to their Duty therein.

1733

Scriptures

1733

And Dear Friends we must remind you to take all Convenient Opportunities to put your Children upon Reading & meditating in the holy Scriptures; which having proceeded from the Dictates of the holy Spirit do afford the most comfortable & salutary Instructions of all Writings whatever, as we have heretofore often advised, & particularly in our Epistles of the two last years, in which the advices on this head being Large & Comprehensive we refer thereto.

1734

As there hath been heretofore, so there yet remains upon this Meeting a peculiar regard to, & weighty Concern for the Offspring of Friends, that the rising Generation might be trained up in the Principles & Practice of the Christian Religion, in order whereunto, as formerly so now again we recommend an humble waiting upon the Lord, for the manifestation of his Power and Spirit, & a diligent reading the holy Scriptures in your Families: And that Masters of Families, Parents & Guardians of Children, at proper & Convenient Seasons, would stir up those under their care to Diligence herein, shewing them that those Sacred Writings do contain the Doctrines & Principles of our Profession, & explaining to them, as the Lord by his good Spirit shall enable, the Grounds & causes inducing Friends to distinguish themselves by not conforming to the vain Fashions and corrupt Customs of the world. And that one great end of Christ's coming was to form to himself a People, who by their Lives & Conversations, should be patterns of that Simplicity, Holiness & Charity which our Great Lord himself in the most Perfect manner exhibited leaving us an example that we should follow his steps.

By

Scriptures

1734

By Simplicity, We Understand an inward Sincerity & Lowly Disposition of mind, producing that plainness of speech Habit & Manners which Christ himself, & his holy Apostles, Recommended.— By Holyness, an Internal purity & Renovation of Soul, wrought in us by the Grace of God, the Fruits whereof are, a Devout and Religious Behaviour, Justice, and Inoffensiveness in all our Dealings & Conversation.— By Charity, that Spirit of Love, Compassion and Forbearance, wherein consists the Sum & Substance of Religion, the Introduction of that Universal Peace & Good-will upon earth, which is the Great Design of Christianity, as well as the Badge and Characteristick of our holy Profession; By this saith Our Blessed Lord, Shall all men know that ye are my Disciples, if ye have Love One to another, John 13:35.

1735

As it hath been frequently the care & concern of this Meeting, to advise Parents & all who have the Education of Children, ^{to bring them up in the nurture} and Admonition of the Lord, We are still sensible that there is Occasion to repeat, & tender advice & Exhortation, that you would lay this Matter Closely to heart, for 'tis certain that the preservation of your Offspring in the way of true Religion & Godliness is of much greater moment to their happiness both in this Life & in that which is to come, than any thing else you are capable of doing for them; and therefore, We renew our advise, that you be Diligently exercised in such a Godly care, waiting upon God for Wisdom from him first to walk wisely & Circumspectly before them yourselves, & then you may with more weight and Authority, in the Meekness of that Wisdom

Instruct

Scriptures

1735

Instruct, Advise, Exhort & Rebuke, as you shall see Occasion: And we think it will contribute very much to your Success in these Endeavours, if you put them frequently in a Solemn manner upon Reading the holy scriptures, especially such parts of them as relate to the great Doctrines & Precepts of the Christian Religion, & then wait upon God with them, that you may become Instruments to open their Understandings, & the sense of what they read of His Power and Wisdom, prep them Closely to the Practice of what they read: Such an Exercise as this begun Early, & frequently repeated, We recommend as the Indispensable Duty of all concerned, & the most Likely means for the Preservation and Improvement of Children in the way of Truth; & thro' the Lords blessing to secure them from being prevailed upon by the many false Deceitful Spirits that are gone forth into the World, tending to subvert the Christian Faith, & a Practice and Conversation agreeable thereto.

1736

See Children, page, 48.

1737

See Kings & Governors, p. 332.

1745

See Meetings for Discipline, p. 179.

*Servants**N^o 45, Concerning Servants.*

1703

Advised that Servants professing the Truth
behave themselves in Due Subjection & humility &
plainness, as becomes their Profession and places; and
Likewise that Masters and Mistresses behave them-
selves towards their Servants according to the
Apostles Direction, Eph. 6.5. 6. Colos. 4.1. — 1 Tim. 6.1, 2,
Tit. 2, 9, 10. — 1 Pet. 2, 18, 19, 20.

1718

A Religious Care is recommended toward our
Servants, that all Appearance of Pride, Idleness, and
vain Conversation in them may be Discouraged &
that they may be exhorted to attend first day and
Week-day Meetings and have a sense of Gods Love up-
on their Spirits, and therein Partake with us of the
Sweetness of Truth; and in the Discharge of their Duty
to God, and to their Masters & Mistresses, know Peace
in themselves.

1737

See Removals & Settlements, page, 288, 289.

Singing

No^o 42 Concerning Singing.

1675

It hath been and is our Living Sense & Constant Testimony according to Our Experience of the divers Operations of the Spirit & Power of God in His Church, That there hath been and is serious sighing sensible Groanings, and reverent singing, breathing forth an Heavenly sound of Joy with Grace, with the Spirit, & with Understanding, in blessed Unity with the Brethren, while they are in the Publick Labour and Service of the gospel, whether by Preaching, Praying or Praising God, in the same Power and Spirit & call to Edification and Comfort in the church of Christ, which therefore is not to be quenched or disengaged by any. But where ^{w^{ch}} do or shall abuse the Power of God, or are Immoderate, or do either in imitation, which rather burtheneth than Edifies, such ought to be privately Admonished, unless rebellious; for that Life Spirit, and Power is risen in the Church, which doth Distinguish, & hath Power Accordingly to Judge.

Steeple house Rates

N^o 43 Concerning Steeple house rates.

- 1688 1688
See Sufferings, page, -350.
- 1693 1693
Advised, That Our Christian Testimony against
Steeple house Rates or Lays, be faithfully main-
tained.
- 1703 1703
See Tithes, page -369.
- 1727 1727. See Tithes, page, -372.
- 1732 1732. See Tithes, page, 372.
- 1733 1733. See Meetings for Discipline, pa, 173.
and Tithes, page, pa, 373.
- 1744 1744. See Questions, pages . . 273.

Stock National

N^o 44th Concerning the National Stock.

1672 & 1676.

The Uses for which it is Collected.

- 1672 1. For the Service of Truth beyond sea.
- 1676 2. For Books Disposed of and given away to the Chief Rulers and Others.
- 3. For Packets of Post Letters with accounts of General Sufferings, & Charges of Recording, & often Transcribing the same.

1679 Disbursements out of the National Stock to be such only as shall be agreed & Directed by the Weekly Meetings for Sufferings in London, and not any other.

1682 Agreed, that for keeping the Moneys of the National Stock, at every Yearly Meeting, Three Friends shall be Chosen, & those three of the six that have served Two preceeding Years, shall yearly be dismissed, and others to be appointed in their room as aforesaid, so that the Number of Six may be still compleat, who shall have the Keeping of the Cash for the General Service Intended.

1692 Advised, That for the future when there shall be Occasion for a Contribution, Friends that come up from the Several Counties, bring with them an Account of the Total sum of each Collection that may be made in their respective Counties, to the next ensuing Yearly Meeting,

after

Stock National

after such collection is made that it may be compared with the accounts here for Friends Satisfaction therein.

1698

Ordered, That when a collection is made in the several counties, it may be sent up to their correspondents here to pay to the ~~second~~ meeting for sufferings, and the Friends of the several counties, when they come up to the next yearly Meeting, to bring up the total sum collected and returned in their county to the yearly Meeting.

1782

See Yearly Meeting, page 416.

Sufferings

No^o 45^o Concerning Sufferings.

1672

1672

Advised, that Friends be exact and brief in drawing up their Sufferings in each County, of the Times, Names, Causes, and Places of both Friends and their Persecutors, distinctly, and send them up to the Next General Meeting.

1675

Meeting about
Sufferings
first appointed

Agreed, that Certain Friends of this City be here Nominated to keep a Constant Meeting about Sufferings four times in a year, with the Day and time of Each Meeting here fixed & Settled.

Agreed, that a meeting of these City Friends under Named be every fifth day of the week before each Term.

Ratcliff. J. Arthur Cook, and Richard New-
London. John Eggoow, and Thomas Quayard.
Wheeler Street. Francis More, and William Welch,
Westminster. Gilbert Latice, and James Beech.
Peel John Elson, and John Staploe.
Southwark. William Shewen, & Walter Myers.

Publick
Friends
Numbers

These Friends before Named, with as many as are free of the Second Days Morning Meeting of Publick Friends, to Meet together as aforesaid.

one of
each County

That at Least one Friend of each County be appointed by the Quarterly Meeting thereof, to be in readiness to repair to any of the said Meetings at this City, at such times as their Urgent Occasions or Sufferings shall require. That the Agreement about the Meetings for Sufferings four times in a year in London, be read to the Second Days Meeting of this City, constantly before the day of the Meeting Appointed.

That

Sufferings

1675
Poor Friends wasted by Sufferings to be taken care of
That the respective Quarterly Meetings be encouraged in the Love of God, & Bowels of his Truth to take care of such Poor Friends as have been wasted much with Sufferings, & where any County is not sufficient to the Losses, among themselves, that they be mindful of the Order of Truth agreed to, of recommending their Case to the Adjacent Counties.

That notwithstanding the Meeting about Sufferings by the Nominated Friends of this City, It is consented & agreed, That in any County, Meeting or Place in England or Wales, where any deep Sufferings may happen the Monthly or Quarterly Meetings may both State ^{their} Case fit to be presented to those in Power & send up One, Two or three faithful Friends with their Case so Stated to be presented to attend those in Power therewith for Relief, if they be therunto, or find a Necessity lying upon them to Endeavour for Relief, & this is a most Likely way to be effectual in their Applications.

1676

See Records, Article the 12, & the last, p. 277 & 278.

1678

Mention is first made of the Weekly Meeting for Sufferings in London,

And See Records, page 278.

1679
printing

Agreed, that any Quarterly or Monthly Meeting has any Extraordinary or Grievous Sufferings in their County, that they would have Printed forthwith, that they give notice thereof, & send up the same to the Meeting for Sufferings.

1681

That when Sufferings are sent up in Order for Redress, of any particular Case, the same be writ down as well to the Loss sustained, Goods Detained, Severe & Illegal treatment or Usage, by Justices or other Persons; plain, pertinent & distinct as to Matter

of

Sufferings

1681
of Fact only; without any reflections upon the Magistrates and Persons by whom Friends have suffered, or against whom any complaint is made.

That Sufferings sent up to be recorded here, be first Perused by the Quarterly Meeting, & signed.

1682

And when Necessity requires that Accounts of Sufferings be sent up with such speed, that they cannot stay to a Monthly or Quarterly Meeting, that such accounts be viewed & approved under the hands of three or four Friends at least, to prevent mistakes & loose Uncertain Accounts of things complained of, And that before any Accounts be entered in the Quarterly Meeting Books, the same be plainly & orderly drawn up by some knowing Friends in such Concerns.

Upon Consideration of Sufferings in General, It is the Advice of this Meeting, that in Cases of difficulty, and where Friends who are sufferers stand in need of advise in any particular Case, they send up their respective case to the Meeting for Sufferings in London

1684

If a Friends Goods be seized, and a Neighbour Buy them from the Sheriff, & they by Bill of Sale be made over to him, and he leave them in the sufferers Possession, it is a suffering Case, and to be recorded as it is in itself.

It is thought most convenient that all particular Accounts of any Great & Extreme Sufferings which require Speedy Application or Complaint to the King, be After Carefully Drawn up & signed by the respective sufferers, & the truth thereof is Possible, Certified by some other Faithful Friends of the same County or Neighbourhood, known here;

That

O Sufferings

1684 That then they be brought up by One or Two Understanding Sound. Friends that may be capable to present them if need require, having knowledge of the particular cases, & that no such accounts be sent up unsigned.

1688 And it is the Desire of Friends Generally, monthly That you all be careful in your Monthly and Quarterly Meetings in collecting the sufferings of Friends by Priests & Proprietors for their meetings to Collect Timony against Thies; And what goods are taken Suffering from them on that account, with the value thereof, & also about repairs of Steeple houses, and about not swearing, and all other sufferings on Truths account. Let them be carefully recorded, & witnessed, and copies sent up to London from your Quarterly Meetings to your Correspondents. That the sufferings of Friends for their Testimony may not be lost.

1689 See Records page, — 279.

1693 The Meeting for Sufferings is intrusted with the care of all sufferings of Friends for Truth & Conscience sake, as at first intended.

See Records, page, — 279.

1695 See Records, page, — 280.

1700 See Records, page, — 280.

1703

O Sufferings

1703 And where any Friend or Friends shall be prosecuted upon any Branch of their Testimony for the Truth, that such Labour in a sense of the weight of their Testimony with the Prosecutor, before or at the beginning of His Prosecution, that so if possible, the Witness of God in him may be reached, The Convinc'd that their refusal to Comply, proceeds not from Obstinate, or self Interest, but from a Godly Care to preserve a Conscience void of Offence towards God and Man.

1746 This Meeting Desires, that for the future an account of all Proceedings in such Suffering Cases as come under the care of the Meeting for Sufferings, and the issue thereof, may be duly brought or sent to that Meeting in Writing, specifying the Places or Counties where such sufferers dwell, with the several Proceedings in the said Cases, in Order to be duly Recorded.

1774 At a yearly meeting held for New England this meeting being under a weighty concern for friends who are or may be under sufferings & Difficulties from the Powers of this world on account of our Religious Testimony to appoint our friends — a Committee who are despatched to take cognizance of all grievances arising amongst them wherein any friend or friends may be affected either in Person Property or in regard to our Christian testimony etc and to advise Council & list as fast as the may list, and they are advised to meet once a month

Sufferings

month or other if need bee That Seven of said Committee constitute a meeting which may transact the Business thereof, And that any agreeable Friend or friends may apply to them either in a collective or separate Capacity w^t the Circumstances of the case may require and that said Committee in a meeting Capacity draw on the Treasurer of this meeting for the sumnes that shall be necessary for the purpose aforesaid who is ordered to pay the same — And that this Committee view and Judge of manif^s proposed to be pointed and Correspond with the meeting for sufferings at Philadelphia or elsewhere

1780

1780

The Testimony of many Friends in the Non-payment of Taxes part whereof goes for the support of what coming under Consideration of this meeting — It is our sense and judgment that the Several monthly meetings collect abonnts of the sufferings of our Brethren on account of said Testimony and send them up to the meeting for sufferings there to be Recorded after due inspection, in friend Book of Sufferings as our Brethren Testimony for the Truth against the Appropriation of any part thereof to the purposes of War — And it is Recommended to friend that Labouring to be preserved unbiased herein as to the powers which are, or may be, they keep a Singed Eye to the Testimony of truth against War & Fighting —

Tale-Bearing & Backbiting 357

N^o 46 Concerning Talebearing & Backbiting.

1689

Advised to watch against & shut out all Occasion of Offences, Contentions & Divisions, And in the Name of the Lord to stop & Judge down all Whisperings, Tale-Bearings, Backbiting & evil speaking tending thereto, & to be kind & tender hearted One to another, And Earnestly Labour and press for Universal Love, Union & Peace in all the Churches of Christ.

1692

Advised, to be careful & Watchful against all Whisperings, Backbitings & Tale-bearing, to the defaming Friends or Others, and put a speedy stop thereto, & pass righteous Judgment upon all whisperers & Back biters who appear Instruments of Division & Offences, Contrary to that Peaceable Truth & Gospel, We Profess, & where any have received offence against any other, first to speak privately to the party concerned, & Endeavour reconciliation between themselves, & not to whisper or aggravate matters & against them behind their backs, to the Madding parties, and the Breach wider.

1695

Let those just & ancient Commands of God be observed, Lev. 19.16 "Thou shalt not go up & down as a Tale bearer among thy People, & Exod. 23.1. Thou shalt not raise a false report, & Psalms. 15.3 he that Backbiteth not with his Tongue, nor doth evil to his Neighbour, nor taketh up a reproach against his Neighbour &c Tis only such innocent ones that shall abide in

the

358 Tale bearing & Backbiting

1695 the Lords Tabernacle & Dwell in his holy hill, Wherefore in the fear of the Lord, Stand against all Whisperers, Backbiters, Tale bearers, Defamers & Slanderers, & against all Whisperings, Backbitings, Tale bearings Reproaching & Slandering I put a Speedy Stop thereto as much as in you lies, For such works of darkness & Envy tend to Division & Discord, & The righteous Law of God goes against both the Authors, Fomentors, Receivers & Encouragers thereof. see Prov. ss. 13. & 18, 8. & 20, 19, & 26. 20. 22. & also 2. Cor. 12, 20.

1719

1719 The former advise of 1695, repeated, with this Addition, & therefore if you hear a report of a friend be carefull not to report it again but go to the Person of whom the report is made & enquire if it be true or not ~~if it is true~~ & if it be true, then Deal with such a person for it, according to the Doctrine of Christ, Matt. 18. But if false then endeavour as much as in you lies to stop such report, for as Solomon says a Good name is rather to be chosen than great riches, Prov. 22, 1.

1721

1721 The advices of 1695 & 1719 repeated,
1725. The former advices again Repeated,
1727. The same again Recommended.

1725

1727

1733

1733 We think proper to Exhort Friends every where to avoid all Whisperings, Backbitings & Tale bearings tending to blemish the reputation of any, or to sow Discord & Create evil surmizing One of another. A Practise which ought to be Zealously Discouraged, as being of a most pernicious

Consequence

Tale bearing & Backbiting 359

1733 Consequence to Society. Sis therefore Recommended, That when any Shall hear a report of such a nature, they take an opportunity to acquaint the Person concerned thereof, before they again report, or be Instrumental to spread the same: and in Order to Stop the Mouths of all Talebearers & Slanderers Friends would do well to manifest their aversion to such a Practice." The North Wind saith Solomon driveth away rain, so doth an angry countenance a Backbiting Tongue. Prov. 25. 23.

See Defamation, page, 93 & 94

1744 Whereas it may so happen, that some Friends may suffer much in their Reputation & Character, by a Detracting Spirit, which too much prevails among some bearing Our Name, Who shelter themselves under a pretence, that they say no more than they have heard from others; But will not Discover who they are: Wherefore to prevent this evil of Reporting and Talebearing to the Prejudice of Others. It is Agreed that such Reporters or Tale-bearers shall either Discover the Authors or be Dealt with and Testified against, as Authors thereof.

Tithes

No 47 Concerning Tithes.

1675 Advised, That our Ancient Testimony against Tithes, which we have Bore from the beginning, and for which many have deeply suffered, some notonly the spoiling of their Goods, but in prisonment even unto Death, be fully & punctually upheld and countenanced in the Power of God; And that all those that Oppose, slight or neglect that Testimony, be looked upon, and dealt withal as unfaithful to the Ancient & universal Testimony of Truth, according to Gospel Order established among us.

1676 That Truths Testimony against Tithes, and Friends Innocency in suffering be kept to; and tho' Innocent Endeavours may be used to save them from being taken away, yet that Friends be careful of violent Struggling to detain them, when the Adversary comes to take them by Force.

1677 That Tithes taken away by Force be recorded as a Suffering for Truth.
That all Friends have a care that they neither Openly nor Secretly Consent to the taking away of their Tithes, nor to the Payment of them by any One whatsoever on their behalf, but keep faithful to their Testimony.

1678 And because some have not kept an Account of the Tithes in kind, that have been taken from them, as if that were no suffering because the Priests and Impropriators pretended Due, We find ourselves engaged in spirit to desire you to reckon that of Tithes, amongst the other sufferings that you send us;

and

Tithes

1678 and for the time to come, to take the same care of Recording all taken away upon that Account in your Book of Sufferings.

See Records page, 278

1682
Executors

It is the Sense of this Meeting, that the Executors who have a Testimony for Truth, have a Testimony against the Paying of the Tithes pretended to be due from the Testator, and ought to bear his Testimony against Payment thereof.

1687

Tithes taken
with or
without
law
to be record-
ed

We do in the Love of God & his blessed Truth, and Testimony by Jesus Christ, recommend to your tender & Christian care, That Friends in the several Counties Do sincerely keep to their Ancient & Christian Testimony against that old and great Oppression of Tithes for which many faithful Friends & Servants of Christ have deeply suffered; Some till death intaps; and several still do suffer, whereby it appears that the Priests as they were the first, so they are like to be the last Persecutors for Conscience Sake; — And also, We request it of you carefully to collect, & make return of all Friends' sufferings for Tithes, as well as other sufferings, whether by Imprisonments, or by taking away Goods as Corn, cattle, or other Goods, either by or without Law, both which are sufferings, & ought to be accounted of & entered upon Record in behalf of all faithful Friends, who stand clear in their Testimony for Truth.

who

Tithes

1689
not to
strive
with the
spoilers

We desire your Testimony against Tithes, may be kept up in the peaceable Spirit of Christ, as becomes true Christians, rather suffering patiently in the spoiling of your Goods, than any way to strive or struggle with the spoilers, to retain them by Force, but singly commit our cause to the Lord, who will plead it, and Judge Righteously.

1690

That all Friends be faithful in their Testimony against Tithes of all sorts, knowing that since they were ended by Christ, they were imposed & originally sprang from that Anti-Christian Root & Papish Corruption in Church & State. And that Friends would tenderly consider, that where any decline their Testimony, or are negligent in this weighty case, they do thereby increase the weight & burthen of sufferings upon them that are faithful, and strengthen the hands of their adversaries.

1691

1691
That the Christian Testimony against Tithes, may be duly kept up, and such as are unfaithful therein be diligently exhorted to Obedience and Faithfulness to Christ Jesus, that they may not strengthen the persecutors hands, increase others sufferings, nor make bad Friends' Testimony the worse, which so many have offer'd up, & laid down their Lives for.

1692

1692
That Friends be careful & diligent to keep up their Ancient Christian Testimony against the Oppression of Tithes; For the more faithful and unanimous Friends are therein, we are really persuaded, the Lord will the sooner make way for our Ease and Deliverance from that Burthen.

1693

Tithes

- 1693 1693 Advised, That our Christian Testimony against the grand Oppression and Anti-Christian yoke of Tithes, Born & greatly suffered for be faithfully Maintained in all respects.
- 1696 1696 With respect to a Proposal about taking a Farm, & Agreeing to pay so much the more to be Exempted from Tithes; It's left to the Several Monthly & Quarterly Meetings to advise Friends to be careful that nothing be done that tends to weaken our Testimony against Tithes by any, & that such be admonished as they see cause.
- 1698 1698 Advised That our ancient Christian Testimony against Tithes be not avoided or shun'd by any indirect ways or courses with Landlords, or otherwise. And that Friends be careful to keep a true Record of the Value of what is taken from them, on that Account, in the field, or otherwise, whether it exceeds the Demand or not; with the respective date of each Suffering; & the time when any Suit is commenced.
- 1701 1701 Our Testimony against Tithes & Forced Maintenance in this Gospel Day, being received from Christ our Head & High Priest, is not of our own Making or imposing, nor from the Invention of Men: but what we have from them, by whose Divine Power we were raised up to be a People, & by which we have been preserved to this day, knowing that his Ministry & Gospel are free, according to his own express Command,

Freely

1703 Freely ye have received, freely give
This Meeting taking Notice, as well from the Accounts of Ringers & brought in from divers Counties, as Relations by several Friends now present that in many Places advantages are taken upon Friends, by making Stoppages upon them in the Way of Trade, or by Debtors, or otherwise, or by Kindred or Neighbours laying down the Money for Tithes, or Church Rates, so called, and that this way of proceeding grows & Increases upon Friends, in many Places.

It is therefore recommended, as the Sense & Advice of this Meeting, to the several Quarterly & Monthly Meetings, to stir up Friends in their respective Meetings to Zeal & faithfulness, in this respect, That they may not Consent to, or connive at, such Payments, Stoppages, or Discountings on such Accounts, But to deal plainly &earnestly with their Relations, or Neighbours, who shall so pay, or others who shall so stop or discount, And not discharge the debt by Copping their Books, if Tradesmen or otherwise, but keep the debt still in demand, and be as wary & careful as they can for the future, to keep such Persons, as much as in them lies, out of a capacity of stopping upon them, that they may thereby discourage all such ways of proceeding, which tend to weaken or lessen their Testimony, And not to bring in such Stoppages as sufferings, inasmuch as they do not discharge the debt, which if they should do, they would thereby allow the Stoppage & let fall their Testimony.

This Meeting declares it is their Sense & Judgment, that no Friend in Truth can either pay or receive Improper Tithes, being Inconsistent with our Christian Testimony, & it's desired Friends of the several Counties may be advised thereof.

Tithes

Tithes

1706

1706 This Meeting understanding that notwithstanding the Judgment and Advice formerly and frequently given by this Meeting against the payment of Tithes, & more particularly in the year 1703 against the Paying or Receiving of Tithes, by any that Profess the Holy Truth with us; there are some Persons who go under our Name do yet continue not only to pay them, but some few also here, and there holding Estates in Inappropriate Tithes, which are the same in Nature Ground & Root with the Tithes paid to the ~~greedy~~ ^{Honest} Priest. Do not therefore as yet to receive them, to the great Dishonor of our holy Profession, and grief of Faithful Friends (the others have consentiously & very honourably given up & released them). This Meeting thereupon doth now again signify, as the unanimous sense & Judgment of Faithful Friends, That for any among us in this Gospel Day to pay or receive Tithes, which were a part of the Ceremonial Law, belonged to the Levitical Priesthood, & were Abrogated, and taken away by the Coming, & Death of our Lord Jesus Christ on the Cross doth directly oppose, & tend to overthrow the ancient Christian Testimony of Truth against Tithes, which hath been born by Friends from the beginning of our day not only by word & doctrine, but by deep sufferings & sealed even with the blood of some of our dear & faithful Brethren, who have charitably laid down their lives by long & hard Imprisonments in Confirmation of that their conscientious Testimony. In this sense hereof this Meeting doth earnestly recommend to the several Quarterly & Monthly Meetings every where of Friends, that they be careful & diligent to make general Observations how Friends do answer and bear up that Testimony against Tithes in their Practice;

and

1706

And if they shall find any going Under our Name, that do either day or receive Tithes, that they use their best & utmost endeavors in the spirit & Order of the gospel, and in the Exercise of great tendernesse and brotherly kindness to Inform, Convince, Exhort, Admonish and Reprove, as they see cause all such without respect of Persons, in Order to gain and bring them to the acknowledgment and Obedience of the Truth in that particular. And if after such tender & gentle dealing with them, any such shall continue in their Unfaithfulness & Opposition to the Principle & Christian Practice of Friends in that case, that then the Monthly or Quarterly Meeting unto which such Person shall be reputed to belong, having Exercised Christian patience & forbearance towards such, & finding themselves clear in the light of God, do manifest & declare, that such for their Unfaithfulness & Opposition to that our Christian Testimony are unworthy to be admitted to the Meetings for Business amongst Friends, Or to be received to Join in the Collections made by Friends for the service of the Church of Christ. And if after that, such Persons shall persist in such their unfaithfulness and Opposition, That then the Monthly, or Quarterly Meeting proceede further in the Lords Power to give judgment for the bearing of Truth and Friends, as in the holy Counsel and Wisdom of God, they shall be directed and Guided therein.

1724

1724 Former Advices again Recommended.

1725 Tis Advised & earnestly recommended that in as much as it doth appear there is a some places a shortness & deficiency in bearing a faithful Testimony against Tithes, That if any Monthly Meeting which have such Members, after a deliberate dealing with them,

In

Tithes

1725

Tithes

1725

in the Wisdom of Truth, & the Meek Spirit of
The Gospel, for their help & Information,
Friends have recourse for their further pro-
ceedings to the yearly Meeting's Minute 1706.

1727

It doth Appear to this Meeting that Friends
in divers places are under Difficulty on account
of Stoppages made in respect to demands for
Small Tithes, & Church Rates, so called, and for
Illegal Seizures without warrants on such Ac-
counts, which are in some places made, whereby
we apprehend a voluntary Compliance is implied
which doth tend to weaken & lay wast our
Testimony; And therefore this Meeting doth
tenderly Renew the Cution & Advice there-
upon given in a Minute Made in the year
1703, whereunto we refer.

1730

Friends, are heartily desired & Intreated to
Read & Disperse Anthony Pearson's treatise of
Tithes, hoping it may have his good effect, if
read with a single Eye, to manifest the Incon-
sistency of Tithes with the Gospel Dispensation.

1731

Former Advises of this Meeting again re=
commended. And particularly that in 1706.

1732

Recommended to the Several Quarterly &
Monthly Meetings, tenderly to advise & earnest-
ly to &hort Friends to be careful in bearing a
faithful Testimony against the Antichristian
yoke of Tithes, Priests Maintenance,

and

Tithes

1702

And Church Rates so called, the want whereof in
some places hath tended to the unseasonableness & burden of many
Brother, & added to the sufferings of such as have
been faithful in this our ancient Christian Testi-
mony.

1733

This Meeting Observing a remissness in some
Places in respect to our Testimony against that
Antichristian yoke of Tithes; An earnest concern &
Zeal has been on the Minds of Friends, that all
Might be excited & stirred up to faithfulness there-
in; In Order whereunto, We think necessary to put
you in Mind, that the Zeal of our Friends who have
abode faithful in their Testimony against Paying
Tithes, Peeplehouse Rates, & Priests Maintenance,
has greatly tended to the opening the Eyes of many
not only in this, but also in other Countries: —
We received last year an account from New England,
where Our Friends formerly underwent grievous
sufferings, that a Law is made Exempting them from
paying either to the Maintenance of the established Mi-
nisters, Or the Repairing of their Worship houses: —
And it is Our Belief, That if all Friends here had been
Faithful in their Testimony against Tithes, the time
of our Deliverance from that Oppression, under
which this Nation yet groans, would have been
nearer at hand. We do therefore earnestly & short
to a close coming up in that, & every other Branch
of our Testimony, tending to the promotion of
Gospel Liberty, which it has been our concern
ever since, we were a People, thro manifold suff-
ferings, to maintain. And if any weakness or
unfaithfulness shall appear among the Professors
of Truth, we hope faithful Friends & Brethren
will not be wanting to administer help;

and

Tithes

1733 And Admonition in the Love & Counsel of God, as they shall see Occasion, for the restoring, and Strengthening of such; according to the advice given by the Apostle, Gal. 6.1. Brethren if a man be overtaken in a fault, Ye which are spiritual, Restore such an One in the Spirit of Meekness?

See Meetings for Discipline pp. 173

1734 And Dear Friends for the sake of those particular Persons in some places, who yet continue remiss in maintaining their Testimony against the Antichristian yoke of Tithes, We think necessary to repeat the advice given last year, - That Friends as they shall see Occasion in the Wisdom of God, would Admonish such, & in a spirit of Love and Meekness Endeavor to help & strengthen them, and to excite & stir them up to faithfulness in that branch of our Ancient Testimony.

1735 And Dear Friends, as it hath been the concern of this Meeting frequently to advise, That Friends should stand faithful in their Testimony against that Antichristian yoke of Tithes, so we do now renew Our Advice in that respect.

And, We earnestly intreat the faithful among you, to take all suitable Opportunities of endeavoring to demonstrate to such as are weak & unfaithful, the Importance of our Testimony against Receiving or Paying of Tithes, the natural tendency whereof is to obtain that Liberty which the purer Ages of Christianity enjoyed that is, a Liberty for any Person moved by the holy Spirit of God, to preach the Doctrine of the glorious Gospel of our Lord & Saviour Jesus Christ, freely, and of which they were not deprived till such time as great Corruptions of Doctrine & Practice were found amongst

The

Tithes

1735 the Professors of Christianity; and the civil Powers were prevailed upon to Meddle with the Consciences of the People, which of right are to be subjected to God only.

We cannot therefore but bless the Lord from an experimental witnessing of the comfort and spiritual Advantage which arises from such a liberty, that he was pleased to raise up our worthy Elders, and give them a Testimony against that Antichristian yoke making them willing in this & other Nations to suffer for that Testimony, thereby shewing to the world what the love of Christ is able to do; - For we believe nothing short of that love could have enabled them to suffer the spoil of their goods, & the long Imprisonments of their bodies, even unto death, as some of them did for their conscientious refusal to pay tithes; And we have reason to believe that if all among us had followed their example, by abiding faithful in this our Christian testimony, we might before this time have been in a great measure relieved from under that Oppression.

1736 1736 And Dear Friends, as we have ever since we were a people maintained our Christian Testimony against Tithes, & forced Maintenance of Ministers, as contrary to the Nature of the gospel Dispensation. We cannot but repeat our earnest exhortation, that Friends every where stand fast in the liberty wherewith Christ hath made them free; & beware of burthening their own Conscience, by a mean Submission to an Antichristian yoke of bondage thro' fear of suffering. A Meek & quiet spirit under temporal inconveniences for the sake of our Christian Testimony is one of the best proofs of our sincerity therein, & may be a means of effectually recommending us to the compassion of those whom God has placed in Authority over us

us

Tithes

1736 Us whose hands He has committed the Power of giving us relief and from whom it becometh unto us to seek it with Humility and Patience.

1737 This Meeting being informed that Friends in Several Parts of the Nation are in the Practice of Calling on their Members to bring in an account of their Sufferings for their Testimony against that Antichristian Yoke of Tithes &c; And to Enquire whether such as bring in no account, Do stand clear in their Testimony; which having had a good Effect. Its therefore recommended that Friends thro' the Nation fall into the said Practice; And if they find any deficient & persist in the same that such Friends be Dealt with, pursuant to the directions & former Advice of this Meeting & particularly in 1785, and those recommended therein.

To 37385374
P. 6. 173. You have been often reminded of the Importance of Our ancient Testimony against the Antichristian Yoke of Tithes, and as you are Convinc'd in your Consciences of their Inconsistency with the Nature of the Gospel Dispensation, 'tis certainly your necessary Duty to act agreeable to such Convictions; And if Sufferings for your Testimony shall be the Consequence of your Evidence therein I will become you, after the Example of the primitive Christians Carefully to submit & to take carefully the spoiling of your Goods, that so you may preserve a Conscience void of Offence toward God, and at the same time by your Christian Meekness & innocent deportment give sensible Evidence of your sincerity to men.

See Trading, page. 891

Tithes

1738 We therefore tenderly &hort all who Profess the Truth, to watchfulness and Zeal, that this Branch of Our Christian Testimony, be not laid waste by Connivance, or private agreement with Priests or Impropriators; But that all abide Patient under that Testimony which the Lord hath called us to bear, not doubting but that the gradual progress of real Christianity will at length Operate to the Removal of a Yoke so directly contrary to the Liberty where-with Christ hath made us free.

See Questions, page. 272.

1744 See Questions, page. 273.

1750 Whereas it appears that the Method of taking the Priests Demands, without Warrant, or due form of Law, prevails more in some places than heretofore; Friends are therefore intreated to be as much upon their Guard, as possible, against the Introduction of any practices that may tend to encourage Unfaithfulness, or collusion; a Disposition altogether Unbecoming the Stability of Truth, and Inconsistent with the Uprightness it requires.

Tombstones

N^o 48, Concerning Tombstones.

1717

This Meeting being informed That Friends, in some places have gone into the Vain & Empty Custom of Erecting Monuments Over the Dead Bodys of Friends, by Stones, Inscriptions, Tombstones, &c. And being very desirous Friends should keep a commendable plainness & Simplicity in this as well as other respects, It therefore the Advice of this Meeting, That all such Monuments as are already in being Over Dead Bodys of Friends, should be remov'd, as much as may be with Discretion, and Conveniency: And that none be any where made or set up by or over the Dead Bodys of Friends, or Others in Friends Burying Places for time to come.

Trading

N^o. 49, Concerning Trading.

1675 Advised, That none Trade beyond their Ability, nor Stretch beyond their Compass; And that they use few Words in Sealings, & keep their Words in all things, lest they bring through their forwardness, Dishonour to the precious Truth of God.

1688 Advised, Not to Launch forth into Trading and Worldly Business beyond what they can Manage honourably, and with Reputation among the Sons of Men, and so that they ^{may} keep their Words with all men, And that their yea may prove yea indeed, & their Nay may be Nay indeed, for whatever is otherwise & ^{contrary} to the good One. And such who make themselves guilty by thus dishonouring God, and the holy Profession of his Name & Truth, such are for Judgment by the Truth, & the Judgment of Truth ought to be set over them, that the Truth & those that abide & walk in it may be clear of their Iniquities.

1692 It is advised and earnestly desired, that the Payment of Just Debts be not delayed by any profiting Truth beyond the Time promised & agreed upon, nor Occasion given of Complaint to those they Deal with; by their Backwardness of Payment where no time is limited, nor any to overcharge themselves with too much Trading & Commerce, beyond their Capacities to discharge a Good Conscience towards all men; and that all Friends Concerned be very Careful not to contract Extravagant Debts to the Endangering the wronging of Others, And their Families, which some have done to the grieveing of the hearts of the hearts of the upright;

nor

Trading

1692 Nor to break their Promises, Contracts or Agreements in their Buying or Selling, or in any Other Lawfull Affairs, to the Injuring themselves or Others, Occasioning Strife Contention, & Reproach to Truth and Friends: And it is advised, That all Friends that are entering into Trade, or that ^{are} in Trade, & have not Stock sufficient of their own to answer the Trade, they aim at, be very Cautious of running themselves into Debts, without advising with some of their Ancient & Experienced Friends among whom they live, & more especially such Trading as hath its Dependance on Sea Adventures.

1697 See plainness, p. 223.

1702 We earnestly desire that all profesting the blessed Truth with us, be very careful to keep their Words & Promises, by paying their just Debts without unreasonable delay, & do Justice to all Men for Righteousnes sake, & to prevent the great reproach & scandal of defrauding any Persons by breaking in their Debts, or otherwise injuring any.

1703 Advised, That all Friends be weighty & circumspect in their Conduct & Management of their outward Affairs, & careful to keep within compass of their own Substance, to prevent failures & breaches.

1708 To prevent the great Scandal & Reproach which any profesting Truth may bring on it, by breaking in other Mens debts, we remind you to exercise a Godly Care therein, as much as in you lies, by giving timely caution to any such as either Break their Promises,

or

Trading

1708 Or delay the Payment of their just Debts, or otherwise render themselves suspected.

1709 Truth leads all who faithfully follow it, to do Right & Justice to all, & not defraud or wrong any, in any way of Commerce, Trade, Trust, or Dealing, much less to put any abuse upon the Government, &c.

See Kings & Governors, page, 129.

Also the advice in 1703, again recommended.

1710 Considering the great suffering that hath been brought upon Truth & faithful Friends, by divers profesting Truth amongst us, breaking their Words, Promises & Obligations, to the great Injury of others, by not paying their just Debts in due Time, & the sad Consequences thereof, & Reproaches brought thereby; notwithstanding our great care, & many warnings given for prevention thereof, which being too many to recite here, We refer you to the Advice formerly given by our Ancient Friend & Brother, G. J. to Shopkeepers, Merchants, Factors or any other Friends, which this Meeting hath thought proper to recommend unto you in print & advise that it be read in your Quarterly & Monthly Meetings, as you may see occasion, at least once a year.

1720 Let all Promises & Obligations for payment of just Debts be truly kept and performed.

1724 Tis earnestly desired, that all Friends, every where be very careful to avoid all inordinate pursuit after the things of this World, by such ways & Means as depend too much on the uncertain probabilities of hazardous Enterprizes, but rather Labour to content themselves with such a plain way & Manner of Living as is most agreeable to the Selfe engine, Principle of Truth;

which

Trading

1724 which we Profess, & which is most conducive to that Tranquility of Mind, that is requisite to a religious Conduct through this Troublesome World.— And the Advice in 1710 Repeated.

1727

It is earnestly desired that all Friends be very careful not to run into larger Trading of Business than their Capacities & Abilities can well answer; and that they may frequently inspect their Circumstances, & do not live at an expense beyond them: And if thro' Adverse Accidents any should fail in paying their Just Debts, and should after his or her Composition with his or her Creditors, be so far blessed & prospered in their affairs, as to be capable of paying their deficiencies; It is the earnest Desire & Advice of this Meeting, that they do not omit the same, it being agreeable to the Command of the Gospel; and Common Justice among men.

See Negroes, page, 203.

1728

Forasmuch as repeated Occasion hath been given of great Grief & affliction to Friends, which hath caused the way of Truth to be evil spoken of, by the Launching out of divers under our Profession, too far into the Affairs of this world, to their own hurt, the reproach of the Society, & wronging other Persons of their just Properties. We recommend great care and circumspection to all Friends in this respect, & in particular do refer to the Advices in the Yearly Epistles, 1730, & 1724, & last year;

and

1728

1728

And do Deserve Friends at their several Monthly Meetings, to use their utmost Endeavor, by a watchful Eye, to prevent, as much as in them lies, all such unjust Practises and Scandals.

1729

Notwithstanding many are the good & wholesome Advices, which in former Years have been recommended from this Meeting, respecting to faithfulness & perseverance in all Godliness & Honesty; yet to our Grief we find there are fresh Instances of great Shortness incoming up in the practice thereof, particularly by some injurious demanding their Creditors of their Just Debts, & not performing their Word & Promise, which have occasioned grievous complaints; wherefore we desire, & intreat, when any such occasion of Reproach shall be, that whatsoever monthly Meeting within the compass whereof it may happen, that do not fail speedily to set righteous Judgment on the head of the Transgressor.

1730

See Meetings for Discipline, page, 171.

1731

See Conversation, page, 60.

1732

We find it our Duty to remind our respective Members of the remarkable Uprightness & honesty of our Friends in the beginning, in their Commerce & converse; How exact were they in performing their Words & promises, without evasive excuses, and insincere Dealings. How careful not to involve themselves in Business which they understood not, nor had Stock of their own to manage! How circumspect not to contract great debts than they were able to pay in due Time!

which

Trading

1732

Which brought great Credit & Reputation to our Religious Society: But with Sorrow we observe that contrary to their Example, & there repeated Advices formerly given by this Meeting; particularly in the years 1729 & 1733, against an inordinate pursuit after Riches, too many have launched into Trade & Business above their Stocks and Capacities. By which unjustifyable Proceedings, & high Living, they have involved themselves & Families in Trouble & Ruin, and brought Considerable Loss upon Others, to the great Reaproach of our holy Profession. We therefore recommend to Friends in their respective Quarterly & Monthly Meetings, to have a watchful Eye over all their Members, and where they observe any Deficient in discharging their Contracts, & Just Debts in due time, so as to give reasonable Suspicion of weakness or Negligence, that Friends do earnestly advise them to a suitable Care, and necessary Inspection into their Circumstances in order that they may be helped: And if any proceed contrary to such Advice, & by their failure bring open Scandal & Reaproach on the Society, that then Friends justly may, & ought to testify against such Offenders.

1735

Again, Dear Friends, We esteem it our Duty to renew our former Advices, That Friends every where take diligent Care to prevent, as much as possible, Persons profiting with us, defrauding their Creditors of their Just Dues, to the great Scandal & Reaproach of our holy Religion; By timely Remonstrating & Curing all those of our Society who by delays in payment, & breaking their Words & Promises,

give

1735

give reasonable cause of Suspicion that their Circumstances are desperate; Advising all such to inspect their Accounts, & give up their Effects in time, in order to make the best they can to their Creditors, which will most conduce to their own peace, & Credit & Reputation of our Christian Society:— But if any thro' Ambition or desire of Grandeur in the World, shall reduce themselves to Insolvency after having been thus plainly cautioned and dealt with, according to the Nature of the Offence, & pursuant to the Advices of this Meeting, in the years 1728, & 1732, to which we refer you, then the Society will justly be clear of the reproach arising from the misconduct of such. A care of this Nature we earnestly recommend, not only to Monthly & Quarterly Meetings, but also that Friends in their private capacity watch over, advise and caution, one another when ever they observe any real Occasion for it.

1737

¹⁷³⁷ As some Reproach and Scandal have been brought upon our Religious Society, by some bearing our Name falling short of answering their Just Debts, & others profiting with us, being Unfaithful in bearing a Testimony against the Antichristian Yoke of Tithes, notwithstanding the several wholesome Advices given from this Meeting to the contrary: We declare it to be the sense & Judgment of this Meeting, that no Person who shall fail as aforesaid, Ought to be admitted to act in Meetings for Business, or Join with Friends in collecting for the Poor & the Service of the Church, untill they have made Satisfaction to the Monthly Meeting they belong to, & done what is in their power to take of the Reaproach they have by their imprudent conduct brought on our Christian Principle.

See Conversation, page, 64.

1738

¹⁷³⁸ See Conversation, page, 65.

Trading

Wills

No^o 50, Concerning Wills.

- 1691 ¹⁶⁹⁵ Advised, That care be taken in each monthly Meeting that Friends who have Estates to dispose of by Will or otherwise, be particularly advised to make their Wills, or settle their Estates, in due time; to prevent the inconveniences, Loss and Trouble that may follow upon their Relations and Friends, & Injury to the poor, thro' thirding Intestate, Delays & Omissons in this case having been very prejudicial in divers respects.
- 1695 The above repeated, with this addition: Making such Wills in due time, will shorten no Man's Days; But the Omision or Delay thereof has proved very pernicious to many, and injurious to Truth.
- 1696 ¹⁶⁹⁶ See poor, page 235.
- 1703 ¹⁷⁰³ Knowing how quickly many are removed by death, tis weightily recommended, that all Friends in time of Health, & Strength of Judgment, take care firmly to make their Wills, & to dispose of their substance, as in Justice and Wisdom may be agreeable to their situation.
- 1705 The Advice in 1703 repeated.
- 1706 See Orphans, page 211.
- 1710 This Meeting recommends the Visiting the Sick amongst Friends timely, and see that they make their Wills in due time.

1713 Desired, That Friends will take care that none do unadvisedly bring themselves or others into sufferings, by undertaking Trusts or Executories, where they cannot Legally discharge that Trust.

1715 Advised, That Trustees & Executors concerned in Wills and Settlements do take especial care that they faithfully discharge their respective Trusts, according to the Intent of the Donors & Testators, And that all Charitable Gifts, Legacies, Bequests and Settlements of Estates by Will or Deed, intended & Given for the use of the Poor, the Aged, the Impotent, or Putting Poor Friends Children to Education, or Apprenticeships, may not be appropriated, or converted to any other uses than such as the Donors and Testators have directed and Enjoined them by Legal Settlement, Will or Testament.

Yearly Meetings

No 51, Concerning the Yearly Meeting.

1672

yearly
meeting
constituted

to be held
in London
in the whit-
sun week

representatives
to be chosen

ministers
to be there

1673

Agreed, That One or Two of each County, that are concerned in the publick Service of the Truth in each respective County, do come up to this Meeting Once a year, to be Chosen or Elected by the Quarterly Meetings of each County respectively for that purpose.

And the publick Labourers to be here in the same Week, on the second Day at even at farthest.

That for the better Ordering, managing & Regulating of the publick affairs of Friends relating to the Truth & the Service whereof, There be a General Meeting of Friends held at London Once a year, in the Week called Whitsunday Week to consist of Six Friends for the City of London. Three for the City of Bristol. Two for the Town of Colchester. & ~~Colles~~
One or Two from each County in England and Wales, to be Chosen at their respective Quarterly Meetings, next preceding the said Week called Whitsun Week, & to be in London on the Second Day of that Week.

As Many Friends that Labour in the Truth, as have freedom thereto may be present at the said Meeting.

All Others except such as are Nominated by the Quarterly Meetings, are desired to forbear coming to the said General Meeting, Except such Friends as they when met together shall see meet to admit.

The said Yearly Meeting of Representatives to continue till further Order.

Agreed, That the General Meeting consisting of Two Friends from each Quarterly Meeting about Publick Business, appointed the 29th of the Third Month 1672, till further Order,

6c

Yearly Meetings

- 1673
Meeting of
Representatives
was discontinued
be discontinued till Friends in God's Wisdom
shall see further Occasion.
- That the General Meeting of Friends who
Labour in the Work of the Ministry do Continue
as formerly appointed.
- 1677
Then Agreed, That the Yearly Meeting of one
or two from each County, as formerly agreed upon
at a General Meeting in London, upon the 29th of the 3^d
Month 1672, appointed Yearly to Meet about the
publick Affairs of Friends, sometime in the Week
called Whitmon Week, until further Order; and
afterwards agreed to be Discontinued from the
21st of the third Month 1673, till Friends in God's
Wisdom should see a further Occasion for it.
Be again Revived & began this time twelve month,
And then Friends to advise about the Continuance
thereof, as they in God's Counsel shall see Occasion.
- 1678
If is the desire of this Meeting, That you
would Nominate One or Two Friends to come
up the next Year at the Usual Time, for the Service
of Truth, & that they bring with them the Total
of the Sufferings of the foregoing Year not before
sent up; And whatsoevelse you desire Information
or Assistance in, Let it be witt Subscribed by some
of your Meeting in the Name of the Rest. The End of
this Meeting not being Limited to the Case of Suffering,
but Intended for the more general Service of the Truth
And Body of Friends, in all those things wherein
We may be capable to Serve One another in Love.

1679

Yearly Meetings

- 1679
Agreed, That Friends be desired in their Quarterly
Meetings respectively to take care to appoint Some faith-
ful Friend or Friends to attend this Meeting this time
twelve Month as formerly.
- N.B. Since ^{the} time it has annually continued.
- 1681
Wales
A Yearly Meeting in Wales agreed to be held
about a Month before that of London.
- 1688 &c
See Representatives, annis, 1688, 1690, 1691, p 301
- 1694
Agreed, That the Friends of the West of England may
have a Yearly Meeting for Worship at Bristol.
- 1695
Intent of
Yearly
Meetings
&c
The Good and blessed Intent & End of this, &
all our Assemblies, is, with the Lord's Assistance, for
His honor, in promoting & maintaining of our Chris-
tian Society & Religion in Life and Practice in all
the Parts and Branches thereof.
- 1696
See Epistles, page 113.
- 1697
Women
publick
friends
Ordered, That such faithful Women Friends as
have a publick Testimony, that are in the City at the
Time of the Yearly Meeting, may have their Liberty
to sit with their Ministering Brethren, at their
Second Day's Morning of Yearly Meeting for Worship.

1698

Yearly Meetings

- 1698 Northern Yearly Meeting¹⁶⁹⁸ A Proposition That Friends may have a Yearly Meeting for Worship Only, for their Comfort, and to provoke one another to Love & Good Works, for the Counties of Cumberland, Westmorland, Lancashire, & Cheshire, & any other Neighbouring Counties that are free to join with them, consented to, until this Meeting shall otherwise direct, And upon Condition that it may not Interfere with the Service & Power of this Meeting. 1699. See, p. 419
- 1700 See Representatives, page, 305.
- 1706 See Questions, page, 270
- 1707 Agreed, That when this Meeting directs the Morning Meeting, or any other Meeting, to a service, That henceforth the said Meetings should be provided to give an account to the next Yearly Meeting.
- 1709 Representatives, not to go out of Town before the Meeting ends. — See Representatives, p. 302. And See Meetings for Discipline, p. 167.
- 1710 Orderly Managing the Business¹⁷¹⁰ If is the Desire & Agreement of this Meeting, That the Business & Concerns thereof be solidly, in the Fear of God, managed & carried on without Contention or Striving, & with a few Words. & in as pertinent Preparation to the Matter in hand as may be for Expedition of the Affairs thereof without Loss of Time, or any ways disordering the Meeting. But one at a Time Speaking & Standing up, that all things may be done decently & in Good Order.

1718

The Intent
&
Design of
Yearly
Meetings

Yearly Meetings

Friends, are reminded, That the Intent & holy Design of our Annual Assemblies, in their first Constitution, was for a great & weighty Oversight and Christian Care of the Affairs of the Churches pertaining to our holy Profession & Christian Communion, That good Order, True Love, Unity & Concord may be faithfully followed & maintained among all of us, as a peculiar People called & chosen out of the world, & the Errors and Corruptions thereof, knowing also that Sincere Love & Union in general, will be a great cause of Truths prosperity among Ourselves, & of the prevalence thereof over the world, & the Spirit of it. All which seriously considered, We sincerely desire & humbly hope, That God will graciously please more & more to put into the Hearts of Friends & Brethren to be zealously concerned, that Universal Love, true Union, Peace & Concord be followed and Maintained in all the Churches of Christ, And all the contrary, as Enmity, division, discord & Strife, watched against & shut out for ever, that the Power & Peace of our God may prevail & rule in all our hearts more & more, whereto we are called in One Body, that the God of Love & Peace may be with us for ever, which is the earnest desire and travail of the souls of all the faithful.

1719

Advised, that the Several Meetings do commit the Epistles of the Yearly Meetings, whether printed or written, to the Custody of some Suitable and able Friend, to whom Friends may have recourse as occasion requires, Or they may be read in Meetings at suitable Opportunities.

See Meetings for Discipline, p. 169

1720

A
Circular
Yearly
Meeting
in the
western
Counties

1720 By a Proposal from the Yearly Meeting in Bristol, held the 16th & 17th Days of the Third Month last, sent by Samuel Bownds & Joseph Dibble Desiring Liberty from this Meeting to set up a Circular Yearly Meeting for Worship, in the Counties of Cornwall, Devon, Gloucester, Hereford, Somerset, Wiltz, Winchester, & Bristol, The first Circular Meeting to begin the Second First day in the Seventh Month next coming at Bradford. — The said Proposal being taken into Consideration, It is agreed, That the Said Circular Meeting may be held, provided it be with these Restrictions, First, that the Meeting be for Worship only, & Secondly, that the time of holding the said Circular Yearly Meeting be in the Seventh Month in every Year.

1731

See Conversation; page, 60

Papers to
be signed
Choosing
Cashiers

1732 It is Agreed, That all Papers to this Meeting, from Half Yearly, Quarterly, or Monthly Meetings, ought to be signed in such Meetings.

It is Agreed, That for the future the Meeting for Sufferings shall Nominate Six Friends out of their own Members, to this Yearly Meeting, in Order for this Meeting to choose three out of them instead of those who are to go out, to be Cashiers for this Meetings Stock, And that the Persons so Nominated be such as are Members of the Said Meeting.

1733

1733

Method
for
Choosing
Clerk

1733 Agreed, That in order to prevent Debate in the Yearly Meeting, respecting the choice of a Clerk, that the several Meetings that are Members of this yearly Meeting, be divided into Five Districts, as follows, vizt.

North.
Yorkshire, Durham, Northumberland, Cumberland,
Westmorland, Lancashire, Cheshire, Scotland.

South.
London, Middlesex, Surrey, Sussex, Kent,
Hampshire, Berkshire.

East.
Essex, Colchester, Suffolk, Norfolk, Norwich,
Lincolnshire, Cambridgehire, Ely Hunting.

West.
Cornwall, Devonshire, Dorsetshire, Somersetshire,
Bristol, Wiltshire, Gloucestershire, Herefordshire,
Worcestershire, North Wales, South Wales.

Midland.
Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Rutland, Warwickshire,
Northamptonshire, Oxfordshire, Buckinghamshire,
Bedfordshire, Hertfordshire, Nottinghamshire,
Staffordshire.

And that a Clerk be Annually
Chosen by One of the said Districts, in the Course
and Order that they do now stand.

And that as the Clerk for the present year
is of the Northern District, so next year one to be
Chosen by the Friends of the Southern; And the
Year following by the East; And the next succeeding
Year by the West, And the Year after that by
the Midland District; And so on in a
Continual Rotation;

until

Yearly Meeting

1733 Until the same shall be altered by the yearly Meeting.

And in Order that the Election of a Clerk as aforesaid, may be made in a convenient manner, We think it will be proper, that the Meetings composing the District on whom the Election for that year doth fall, be first called over, & the Names of the Representatives of such Meetings, be first entered, And that they then immediately retire into the Chamber, in Order to a Nomination of a proper Person to propose to the Meeting, for their approbation as a Clerk, for that Year.

Advice Concerning deputing proper Persons, to attend the Yearly Meeting;
See Representatives, page, 303.

1735 Propositions to be in writing

1735

This Meeting desires that all Propositions from any Monthly, Quarterly, Half Yearly, or Yearly Meetings to this Meeting, be delivered in Writing, & signed by Order of such Meetings.

2 days morning Yearly Meeting

Conclusion of the Meeting

Ordered, That the Second Day Morning Meeting, which precedes every Yearly Meeting, do only consist of Publick Friends, & such as are, or shall be pursuant to the minute of 1727, appointed to sit in the Morning Meeting of London, or any Other Meeting of Ministering Friends.

It is agreed, that immediately after the Finishing of the Business of this Meeting, there be a seasonable Opportunity for the Ministering Friends, & other Members in the wisdom of Truth, to speak what may be upon their Minds to Mutual Profit and Edification;

and

Yearly Meeting

1735 And it is Ordered, That at such times, no Persons be permitted to stay in the Meeting, except Publick Friends, Representatives and Correspondents.
After which it is agreed that a publick parting Meeting be held.

1736 Letters

1736 Ordered, that all Letters directed to the Yearly Meeting, except from such Meetings as regularly correspond therewith, be perused by a Committee, who are to consider & report whether the same be proper to be read in the Meeting or not.

1742

See Questions, page, 272.

1745

See Appeals, page, 4.

1746

See Representatives, page, 303.

1750

This Meeting observing with great concern a deficiency in divers Counties in not duly attending this Meeting, some being represented but by one Friend, & one without any, cannot but strongly recommend an Observance of the Minute in 1728, which directs that less than four Friends should be appointed for each County, that in case of Sickness or other accident, there may be a sufficient number to answer the service of the Meeting, by the want of which the Business is too often obstructed.

See
representa-
tives,
page 302.

1699

1699. Omitted in p. 414.
Declared, That it was & is the intent of this Meeting, that those Meetings which are or shall be held Yearly in any of the Counties or Places in England, distinct from this Meeting, be only for Worship; also that they continue only from year to year, entirely subject to the advice, of this Meeting.

1760

Yearly Meeting

1760

1760

At the Yearly Meeting held in Newport
on Rhode Island it was Agreed, & Concluded
that the following Method for Constituting
Meetings of Ministers & Elders should be
here added.

Method of
Constituting
Meetings of
Ministers
& Elders

1. - That in each Monthly Meeting some
Solid Friends of either or both Sexes be ap-
pointed for each particular Meeting, as Elders
to have the Oversight of the Ministry, and to
Advise & Counsel both the Ministers at home
and such who travel amongst them, as they in
the Wisdom of Truth may see necessary.
2. - That the Ministers in Unity and Elders
so Appointed within the compass of each Month-
ly Meeting, Meet by themselves, once in three Mo-
ths, & wait to feel their Minds seasoned with
the Virtue of Truth, & then read the Queries, &
make diligent enquiry into the State of their
Members, & form such Answers thereto, as ap-
pears agreeable to their States. The said Answers
to be signed by the Clerk & some Friends appoint-
ed to attend the Quarterly Meeting of Ministers
and Elders therewith, where the Queries are a-
gain to be read & answered. & at the Quarterly
Meeting preceding the Yearly Meeting, that
general Answers in writing be drawn up &
transmitted from thence to the Yearly Meeting
of Ministers & Elders, by Friends appointed
to attend the same, & that the Ministers in Unity
& Elders appointed, as above Directed shall be
only Deemed proper Members of said Meetings.

Dly
3

Yearly Meeting

1760

3. - That where any Friends come forth by way
of Publick Ministry, that the Elders and those of
Experience have a tender Care over them & after
a suitable time of trial; if their Conversations
be Clean and blameless & Friends are Convinced
that the Lord hath called them to that weighty
Work. That then the Monthly Meeting to which
they belong, Do recommend them to the Quarterly
Meeting of Ministers. By a Minute signed by the
(Clerk) and that they then may sit in the Meeting
of Ministers and Elders.